PRICES GOING UP.
Owing to the present Exchange of £ which is now pre-war level, and the prices in England still being high, our new stock will have to be offered at higher prices in future. Old prices still in force till the present stock lasts.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

EDITED BY
B. G. HORNIMAN, 1913—19.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY
MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.

THIS IS YOUR CHANCE.
To purchase High Grade Quality Cycles & Motor Cycles at previous prices. Cycles from Rs. 135 to Rs. 235. Motor Cycles from Rs. 1150 to Rs. 1750. Quotations on request.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. IX NO. 38 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 16, 1921. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

Sailing to Plymouth and London, Callin at Marseilles.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date 1921.	Steamer.	Tons.
16th April	KAISAR-I-HIND ..	11,430
23rd ,,	MANTUA * ..	10,902
30th ,,	SOMALIA ..	6,702
7th May	SOMALI ..	6,794
14th ,,	NALDERA ..	15,825
21st ,,	MOREA * ..	10,890
28th ,,	CALEDONIA ..	7,572
4th June	SARDINIA ..	6,580
11th ,,	DONGOLA ..	8,056
18th ,,	MALWA * ..	10,941
25th ,,	NORE ..	6,703

Through steamers from Australia. Only have limited accommodation available for passengers from Bombay.
P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN. The running of this train via Boulogne has been resumed and the train is composed of Sleeping, Baggage and Restaurant Cars and the accommodation is limited to 96 passengers. Fare £12-10-0 inclusive Sleeper.
DOGS.—Under no circumstances can dogs be conveyed by the Company's passenger carrying steamers.

BRITISH INDIA COMPANY'S SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH ONLY.

Date 1921	Steamer.	Tons.
20th April	ASHOBRA ..	8,288
5th May.	MANDALA ..	8,246

P. O. SAILING FOR THE STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

Date 1921	Steamer	Remarks
22nd April	MALOJA ..	Calls Colombo, Fremantle Adelaide Melbourne and Sydney.
10th May	DUNERA ..	Calls Colombo Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.
20th ,,	MARKUNDA ..	Calls Colombo. Fremantal Adelaide Melbourne and Sydney.

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About	Steamers.	Remarks.
8th April ..	LINGA	Karachi direct.
11th ,, ..	LHASA	Karachi Coasting 10 a.m.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passag'' P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure
* Yochida Maru No. 1.	J. Satow.	3,303	4th April	15th April
Bombay Maru.	S. Irie.	4,352	9th April	22nd April
* Heinan Maru		4364	14th April	20th April
Calcutta Maru.	G Matsushita	5,339	21st April	3rd May
Wakasa Maru.	B. Tsuda.	6,074	12th May	24th May
Hakata Maru.	T. Sasaki.	5,970	23rd May	4th June

* This Steamer as no Passenger accomodation.
For Freight and passages apply to
T. TAGAMI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
Liverpool Maru.	K. Takahashi.	10th April.	20th April.
Sia Maru ..	S. Kondo ..	7th ,,	23rd ,,
Malay Maru ..	T. Shimazaki	22nd ,,	30th ,,
Luzon Maru ..	Y. Ishikawa.	27th ,,	4th May.
Kasado Maru ..	W. Muir	27th ,,	8th ,,
Indus Maru ..	R. Yano.	3rd May.	15th ,,
Saigon Maru	T Watanabe	10th ,,	20th ,,

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA,
Manager.
Ballard Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA,
CONSTITUTED UNDER THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA ACT 1920.
for the purpose of taking over the undertakings and business of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Madras.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
AUTHORISD CAPITAL.
2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each ... 11,25,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL AS ON 25TH MARCH, 1921.
75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each Fully Paid 3,75,00,000
72,376 shares of Rs. 500 each Rs. 125 Paid 90,47,000
4,65,47,000
RESERVE FUND as on 25th March 1921 ..... 3.54.52,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS as on 25th March 1921 ..... 2,71.41,000

MANAGING GOVERNORS.
Sir Norcot Warren; Sir Robert Aitken.
LOCAL HEAD OFFICES.
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras.
LONDON OFFICE.
2. Princes Street, E. C. 2,
Sir BERNARD HUNTER, Manager.
BRANCHES.

Agra	Hyderabad (Sind)
Ahmedabad	Indore
Ahmedabad City	Jalgaon (East Khandesh)
Akola	Jalpaiguri
Akyab	Karachi
Allahabad	Lahore
Alleppy	Lucknow
Amraoti	Madras (Mount Road)
Bangalore	Madura
Bellary	Managalore
Benares	Masulipatam
Bimlipatam	Moulmein
Bombay (Byculla)	Nagpore
Bombay (Mandvi)	Narayangunge
Bombay (Sandhurst Road)	Negapatam
Broach	Ootacamund
Calcutta (Clive St.)	Patna
Calcutta (Harrison Rd.)	Poona
Calcutta (Park St.)	Quetta
Calicut	Rajkot (Katniawar)
Cawnpore	Rangoon
Chandpore (Pay Office)	Salem
Chittagong	Secunderabad
Cocanada (Outstations Rajamundry and Narasapur)	Serajgunge (Pay Office)
	Simla
	Sholapur
Cochin	Sukkur
Coimbators (Sub-agency Elode)	Surat
	Tellichery
Colombo	Trichinopoly
Dacca	Trivandrum
Delhi	Tuticorin
Gunter (Outstation Bezwada)	
Hyderabad (Deccan) (Sub-agency Parbhan	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.
SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed.
GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for safe custody, purchase and Sales effected. Interest and Dividend collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.
Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorneys &c., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.
R. A. DON,
Secretary & Treasurer,
Bombay.

THE BANK OF MORVI LIMITED.
(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)
HEAD OFFICE:—Fort Bombay.
BRANCHES:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls	Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds	Rs. 2,63,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 3 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.
STERLING DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.
All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
C. I. PAREKH & CO.,
Agents.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH: AHMEDABAD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	70,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK Accounts opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
H. A. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LIMITD.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	3,97,61,500
CALLED-UP CAPITAL	60,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 18-8-20	59,76,150

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Murzban Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street. Share Bazar, Rogay Building, Apollo Street.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.
Banking business of every description transacted.
A. B. OLIPHANT.
Ag. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1886.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Reserved Fund	Yen 50,000,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changehun, Dairen, Fentien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lions, Manila, Nagar, saki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Riddo Jangiro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Ourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Hamburg, Saigon Branches:—
Tsinam, Tokio, Tsingau, Vladivostock.
CURRENT DEPOSIT Accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
N. OTSUKA,
Manager.
Post Box No. 204.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	Rs. 7.58,73,150
PAID-UP CAPITAL	Rs. 2,23,73,335
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 8,50,000/

BRANCHES:
London, Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar, 20, Apollo Street. Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street, and Mandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bora Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chandausi
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office: 9, Bishopsgate
London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman. Board of Directors.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/ interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Saving Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASES AND SALES OF Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
L. D. L. BUCKLEY.
General Manager

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND	£ 2,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND	$21,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 49, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Jchore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.
C. H. WILSON.
Agents.

BANKING.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£1,800,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,050,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£ 750,000
Reserve Fund	£1,050,000

HEAD OFFICE.
14, Gracechurch Street, London, N. C.
LONDON BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	New York
Colombo	Karachi	Penang
Delhi	Kota Bhru	Rangoon
Galle	(Kalantan)	Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1915.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorised	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	47,25,900	0	0
Capital Paid-up	18,33,254	15	2
Reserve Funds	15,70,284	2	0

Dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.
HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hyderabad	Multan City
Bombay	(Sindh)	Montgomery
Cawnpore	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Calcutta	Jammu	Patiala
Delhi	Jhelum City	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Sialkot
Gojra	Lyallpur	Srinagar
Hapur	Ludhiana	Umballa City
Hoshiarpur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to.—
DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager

THE EASTERN BANK LTD.
(Incorporated in England).
HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3.
BRANCHES.

Amara,	Bombay,
Baghdad,	Calcutta,
Bahrein,	Colombo,
Basrah,	Hillah,
Basrah City	Mosul.

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid up Capital	£ 995,00
Reserve Fund	£ 266,00
Reserve Liability of Shareholders..	£1,005,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt. Chairman,
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E.
J. H. Batty, Esqr.
G. Bromley-Hartin, Esqr.
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esqr.,
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esqr.
BOMBAY BRANCH.,
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, Letter and Credit granted on approved ... and every description of Banking ... change Business undertaken. ... securities and sales of British and Fore... effected on usual terms. ... or safe custod... SECURITIES received ... collected for and interest and divi... clients.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.,
SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK
5%
Investments mainly in or against Terminable "Government Securities and in securities admitted by the Insurance and the Trust Acts, thus Eliminating altogether, or Minimizing to the lowest degree the danger of Loss or of Depreciation of Assets
It is not the bulk of Assets, but the Quality of Assets that counts for the Investor seeking a place for his unemployed balances.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% FIXED DEPOSITS 5% to 6½%
Apply to— DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, *Managing-Director.*

5 %
WHY SAVE MONEY?
Because it is THE BEST FRIEND in time of need.
Because the coppers saved daily will provide for the education or marriage of your son or daughter when they are of age.
You can open a Savings Bank account with
8 Annas and upwards and it will earn 5 % Per Annum
Open the account to-day at the
INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
7 A Fort Street, opp. G. P. O., BOMBAY.
POST BOX 22. BRANCH—KARACHI. PHONE 5305

BANKING.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.
Head Office—APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Branch:—MUMBADEVI (in the City).
AUTHORIZED & ISSUED CAPITAL

	Rs.
TAL	10,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	10,00,000
RESERVE FUND	97,407
CONTINGENCY FUND ...	1,15,700

DIRECTORS.
Sir Goculdas Kahandas Parekh, Kt., Chairman.
The Hon. Mr. Mahomed Hajeebhoy, (Messrs Hajeebhoy Lalji & Co.)
B. K. Ghose, Esq.
Lalji Govindji, Esq., (Messrs. Bhucandas Govandji & Co.),
Naranji Dayal, Esq. (Messrs. Premchand Chhaganlal & Co.).
Krishnadas Goverdhandas Mandiwala, (Messrs. Sakharam Mancharam).
Gopaldas Tricumji Jivandas, Esq. (Messrs. Tricumji Jivandas), Managing Director.
CURRENT DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on Rs. 300 to Rs 1,00,000.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 5 per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 6½ per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposit may be ascertained from the Bank.
LOANS, CASH CREDITS AND OVER DRAFTS given on approved securities.
LOCAL DEMANDS BILLS collected free of charge.
Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.
GOPALDAS TRICAMJI.
Managing Director.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.
HEAD OFFICE:
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.
This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India—Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."
For all forms of Assurance please apply to
P. BANERJEA,
Secretary
RAE & CO.,
Managing Agents,
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency,
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Hukam Tarachand, Esq., Bar.-at-Law.
Jamshedji Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Soorjee Jamsetji).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq., Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P. (Meoljl Jetha & Co.) (Ex-Officio).
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely liberal without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—a boon to Policy-holders.
Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

INSURANCE.

According to the Gov. of India Insurance Blue Book.
The oldest Life Office of Bengal.

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.
Established 1891.
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 8,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.
LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign office before assuring elsewhere.
For particulars apply to:—
The Secretary or The Chief Agents,
809, Bow Bazar. D. SEN & Co.
Street Calcutta. 1 Chowringhee
Calcutta.
Agency Applications Invited.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

Funds exceed	Rs. 1,20,00,000
laims paid exceeds	Rs. 36,00,000
Annual Income exceeds...	Rs. 20,00,000

All classes of Life Assurance Transacted.
Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.
ALLUM BHARUCHA & CO.,
Manager.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
CALCUTTA.
Second quinquennium Report recommends a bonus of ½ per cent. on the sum assured for each completed year on policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund after making a special Reserve of Rs. 10,000.
Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 40,00,000.
"The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic Lines."
Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be got on application to Head Office or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.
S. R. KHOPKAR,
Manager,
Bombay Branch,
42, Medows Street, Bombay.

THE BOMBAY WIDOW'S PENSION FUND LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1870.
No. 315, Hornby Road, opposite J. N. Petit Library.
Funded Capital, Rs. 2,44,100.
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.
Perfect Economy in Management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 30 per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to Canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GAJANNAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Cut Me Out

And send me with your name and address to HEALTH HOME (D. 41) SAMTA, BENGAL I will bring you FREE under PLAIN COVER a medical leaflet. It tells you how to regain lost vigour and manhood by a rational HOME TREATMENT.

SAVARESSE'S
SANTAL
CAPSULES
PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND THEM.
Of all Chemists. Made in London.

H. N. MISTRY & Co.
Always large stock on hand of
White Carrara, Marble Tiles and Slabs
Real Belgium Black Marble Tiles and Colour.
English White Glazed Tiles and Flooring Tiles, etc.
Old Custom House Road, Circle, BOMBAY.
Tel. Add. SATSANG.
Telep. No. 5741.

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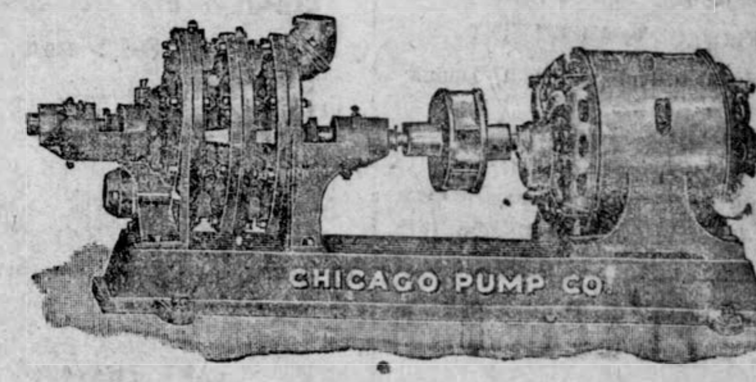
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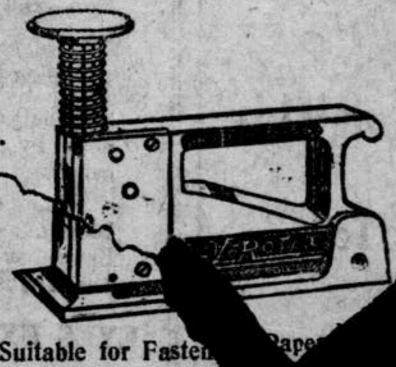
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WANTED.—An experienced BOOK-KEEPER. Salary according to qualification. Only those who have worked in limited companies need apply with copies of testimonials to the BOMBAY GARAGE, 40, Apollo Bunder. C9042

AN EXPERT TYPIST, with knowledge of shorthand experience in Commercial firms preferred, good prospects. Apply with particulars of qualifications, etc., BIRLA Bros., LD., Churchgate street. R 2972

WANTED—Second and Third ENGINEERS for Government Steam Trawler. Apply DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES, New Customs House, Bombay. C8860

FOR THE NATIONAL SCHOOL, HOSPET WANTED—PATRIOTIC young and self-sacrificing graduates and under-graduates from 22-5-21. Applications with terms and qualifications are to be sent so as to reach the Secretary before 25-4-21. Knowledge of Kanarese or Sanskrit is essential. (By order) SECRETARY. 8963

WANTED—SALESMEN for a Book-shop. Only those having a thorough knowledge of the work need apply with copies of testimonials and stating the minimum salary expected to Box No. 2032, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." Knowledge of type-writing preferable. R 2953

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—An ACCOUNTANT of experience—thoroughly conversant with Limited Liabilities Company rules—Banking and Exchange accounts, able to close books and draw up balance sheets. Previous experience in big commercial houses essentially necessary. Apply Box No. 2018, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—Two LINO-TYPE OPERATORS for a Bombay daily, one to work on No. 14 Model and the other on No. 4 Model, the former must be a good job hand and quick in operation with a knowledge of machine parts. Decent salary to really good men. Apply to Box No. 598 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED for service in Persia, First Class SHORTHAND TYPISTS, (preferably with general Clerical experience also). Salary Rs. 250 to Rs. 350 per month according to qualifications. Also required CLERKS with good general office experience. Salary Rs. 200 to Rs. 250 per month. In both cases quarters and Medical attendance are provided free. Apply Box No. 2030, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C 8992

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT as a Jobbing and Share Sowda Clerk in a respectable Brokers firm in Old Share Bazaar previous experience. Apply Box No. 2047, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R 2986

BOARD & APARTMENTS WANTED.

WANTED—OFFICE ROOM within Fort with direct or Sub-tenancy, rent moderate. Apply to Box No. 2,056 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R 3

MACHINERY & TOOLS ETC.,

WANTED for immediate delivery, 2 (Two) 7/4 SLASHER SIZING MACHINES for Looms upto 68in. Reedspace. Quote with specification to Box No. 2037, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 9011

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

WANTED.—Mules and Ring Frames Newor secondhand quotation and full particulars through Box No. 2039, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R 2973

WANTED—One ¼ ton to 1½ ton LORRY with body complete. Apply with price and particulars to Box No. 100, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—One 2½ H. P. MOTOR 220 volts, must be in thoroughly good and working condition. Apply Box No. 200, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED—40 Single ROLLER GINS new or second-hand complete in every respect. S. SAJJANSINGH & SONS, Sangla Hill, (Punjab). C9003

WANTED—Second-hand 8 to 10 WEFT RING FRAMES in good condition and working order to spin 16 to 20s counts, any make. Apply with full particulars to the MANAGER, The Swadeshi Cotton and Flour Mill, Ltd., Indore. C8791

WANTED—FREE RECEIVERS of Begum Bahar Diary of 1921-22 free on application. Two anna stamp for an excellent wall almanac with two fine pictures. Apply to BEGUM BAHAR OFFICE, Post Box 709, (B), Calcutta. C8780

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—OVERLAND model 83, in complete running order, fitted with new rear wheels hub bearing, etc. etc. Price Rs. 4,000 or near offer. Apply Box No. 2012 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R 296

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO BONA-FIDE CAPITALISTS.—Litho Expert of renowned fame as a perfect personality in busines and an Expert in all the Modern Planagraphic printing processes intends to establish a most proutable business of high class. Planographic printing both on paper and Textile fabrics. For Terms and particulars. Please write to Box No. 2034, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C9002

FOR SALE.—CHEVROLET CAR, 490, four seater with dual ignition specially devised and fitted by owner, cushions and lining of real leather, one man hood also solid leather, five tyres and tubes, in very good condition (one entirely new), monsoon curtains, car recently overhauled and painted, owner-driven, complete with self starter and electric lights, also oil side and tail lamps, usual accessories with one spare. Dixi Magneto. Price Rs. 3,600. No offers. Apply Box No. 2033, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R 2958

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 10 Brief Size	220
Remington No. 8 Brief Size	110
Under wood No. 5 Latest, Leather Case	220
Oliver No. 9 Rebuilt Like New	200
Empire No. 2 with Back spacer	145
Empire No. 1 Fiscap Size. Visible	100
L. C. Smith Brief Size	195
Royal No. 5 Visible	125
7 Lbs. Fox Portable with case	165

Typewriter Supplies stocked. Repairs to all Makes of Typewriters. Terms moderate.

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING & CO., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Phone 4869.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—

	Rs.
National Portable No. 3 with Case	125
Remington 7, 2 Cols., Rs. 120, Oliver 3	125
Empire 2, Rs. 150, Sun, Back Spacer	150
Oliver 5, American Rebuilt, like new	190
Yost 20, Latest, Brief, little used	250
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 210, 240	275
Remington 10, Brief, Rs. 225, 11, Policy.	290
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, Brief	320
Underwood 5, new, used few days	325
Remington 10, new, used few days	375
L. C. Smith 5, Rs. 250, American Rebuilt.	275
Oliver 9, American Rebuilt, Brief	275
Royal No. 5, Visible, 2 Cols., B. Spacer.	175

NICOLLS & COMPANY Typewriter Experts, Opp. Petit Institute, Horaby Road, Bombay.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

ON VIEW—Mrs. Gibbs valuable old blackwood open carved and other furniture and garden, etc. Sale on 17th April, SUNDAY, at Winter Road, Malabar Hill, BENNETT and Co. R2927A

FOR SALE.—Blow Room Machine Howard and Bullon, working satisfactorily. Apply to the AGENT. THE HATIM MILL LIMITED, Surat. 8833

FOR SALE—A well going CONCERN with Factory, Bungalow and surrounding land. Apply Box No. 2048 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R 2967

FOR SALE—Rebuilt OLIVERS and REMINGTON VISIBLE TYPEWRITERS, just received from America, at moderate prices. Apply Box No. 2051, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2993

FOR SALE—HUDSON MOTOR CAR, 4 Cylinder, 5 seater, in perfect condition. Apply Box No. 2045, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R2982

WANTED.—BARGAIN HUNTERS to buy Grand German Cottage Piano, excellent condition, also Violin, cycle. Owner leaving country. Apply sharp. Box No. 2055, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R3

FOR SALE—ENGLISH BOAT, shape Landan by Fulker & Sons, with C. Springs and coupe wheels, excellent condition. Apply Box No. 2,046 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R 2983

"BUICK" TOURING CAR FOR SALE.—1920 Model, six cylinder, five passenger, complete with all fittings tyres, tubes, etc., perfect running order. Apply Box No. 2044, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R 2981

FOR SALE—One BUNGALOW with about 1600 square yards of land a big well and garden at Vile Parle, 5 minutes walk from the station. Price Rs. 40 thousand. Only Hindus should apply to Box No. 2053, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." R 2997

FOR SALE—GAMMETER MULTIGRAPH No. 4, printe innumerable typewrite copies, etc. Rebuilt Oliver No. 5 with B. S and Tab Rs. 170. Slightly used Blick Portable with T. case Rs. 100. Secondhand Oliver Rs 100, Brand New Fox Standard and Portable Typewriters. Eureka and Tagger Ribbons Carbons. Repairs a speciality. STANDARD TYPEWRITING CO., 259/261, Hornby Road opposite Messrs. COX & Co. Fort.

BOARD & APARTMENTS TO LET

TO BE LET—One OFFICE ROOM, small, Hornby Road; large, Elphinstone Circle. Apply to Box No. 2054, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." C2999

TO BE LET—VENTILATED ROOMS with electric lights and also FIREPROOF GODOWNS at Mount Road, Mazagon. For particulars apply to Mr. ESSUFALLY EBRAHIMJI BANDUKWALLA at No. 15, Mount Road. C3000

HOUSE, SHOPS & FLATS TO LET

TO LET.—For office purpose, a big FLAT in the vicinity of Apollo Street, Fort, for immediate possession. Apply Box No. 2041, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R 2980

TO LET—Together or separately, from 1st May, upper and ground floors of "Albert Lodge," Military Road, Santa Cruz. For Europeans and Parsis only. Apply within. R2994

TO LET—SHOPS and FLATS with lift convenience in Soneji House, Sandhurst Road, opposite Dr. Parekh's Hospital. Apply Dr. SONEJI. R2996

TO LET.—BEAUTIFUL BUNGALOW at Lonavla till 10th Jue, Rent moderate. Please apply BIRLA BROTHERS, LIMITED, Churchgate Street. R 2971

TO BE LET.—An up-to-date FURNISHED BUNGALOW, surmounted by nice compound with Garden at Nepean Sea Road. Specially for Princess and Nobles. Apply RATANSHAW RUSTOMJI CONTRACTOR, Walkeshwar Road, No. 2, Dadyseth Estate. R2947

TO BE LET, from 1st May, 1921, FLATS of suitable accommodation in a new building at Rebsch Street, Byculla Club. Apply SALEMAHOMED PEERMAHOMED & CO., 2-10, Nishanpada Road, Khadak, or at the premises. R2906

MUBARAK MANZIL—TO BE LET—Spacious BUNGALOW round floor and upper floor at Reynolds Road, Byculla Club, Back Road. Apply ALLIBHOY CHAGLA & CO.; Kharek Bazar, near Musjid Bunder or CHAGLA VILLA, Dadar. R2949

TO BE LET—Bhimpore, Dumas, "Brightoo Park," large furnished, upper storied BUNGALOW, Minton tiled, six bedrooms, halls sitting rooms, outhouses, large compound, watertap. Apply DR. ERUCHSHAW JAMSHEDJI NAKIM, Brighton Park," Dumas, Surat. R 2984

TO LET.—Commodious BLOCKS, 2 rooms 6 set, airy, Electric Light, 24 hours water, 3rd floor Kahim Mansions, Poi Baori, Parel. Bangalow like seperate closets, for moderate rent of 50 to 80. Applications to DHAYA on spot or AMIR CHAND JAWALADAS, 93, Tamba Kanta Post 3. C9048

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY TO MAHARAJAHS AND THE RICH. A large airy BUNGLOW, with furniture, wood compound, a garden and a well of good and everlasting water is TO BE LET or TO BE SOLD. Fertile ground is to be sold also. Apply to:—SENIOR PATRAWALA, Lonavla. R2974

TO LET IMMEDIATELY.—Whole FLAT, 1st Floor, Contractor's Buildings, Forjet Street, containing 2 Blocks, each consisting of 4 Bedrooms, 1 Drawing and Dining Room combined with electric lights, 1 Kitchen, 2 Bath Rooms and 2 Lavatories, with up-to-date sanitary arrangements. Apply:— D. N. KAPUR, 7—A, Fort Street, Fort, opp. G. P. Office, Telephone No. 4714. C 9006

TO LET—GROUND FLOOR and FLATS at Nepean Sea Road, Dubash Estate No. 11, Sea View. Accommodation:—One hall, one dining and five bedrooms with bathrooms on latest sanitary principles, with four Servants' Quarters with Motor Garage facility. Apply on the premises or HAJEE DAWOOD HAJEE ELLIAS, No. 49/53, Kamberker Street. C8976

PUBLIC NOTICE.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST,

WANTED—Experienced ENGINEERING GRADUATE, specially qualified in erection and valuation of buildings. Pay Rs. 300-25-550 per month plus Married Officers' House allowance. Apply with full particulars to CHIEF ENGINEER, Bombay Port Trust, Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay. C 8996

NOTICE.

20,000 High Class Cotton Blankets ready for immediate delivery. Size 48in. by 78in, Khaki, Fawn, Grey and Red. Price Rs. 2/12 each, delivered to any part of India by post.

These blankets are now being used by Europeans in India and Africa and continue to give universal satisfaction.

Over 5,00,000 sold for 1921.

We invite enquiries from the Trade.

Apply:—

COLONIAL MANUFACTURING CO., Bombay Agency, Post Box 299, BOMBAY.

C7288

UCTION SALE.

THE right of taking Tarwad Bark of Tarwad trees standing within the Akalkot State limits will be Auctioned on 9th May, 1921, for 5 years from 1st June, 1921, to 31st May, 1926. Persons desiring to bid are requested to be present in the office of the undersigned at 12 noon on 9-5-21 at Akalkot.

HYAM S. LSRAEL. State Karbhari, Akalkot.

Akalkot, 9th April, 1921. C8972.

50,000 HIGH CLASS COTTON BLANKETS

READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

Size 48in. by 78in., Rs. 2-4-0 each.
Size 48in. by 96in., Rs. 2-12-0 each.

IN KHAKI, FAWN, Grey and Red Colours If required in white eight annas less. Delivered to any part of India by Post. These Blankets are now being used in India, Africa, Arabia, Mesopotamia by European as well as Indians of all classes and creeds and continue to give universal satisfaction.

Over 10,00,000 Blankets sold in the year 1920.

Inquiries from Trade are invited, Apply:—

HARJIVAN VALJI, 17, Champagalli, Near Mulji Jetha Market, Bombay No 2.

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT BOMBAY

SALE OF SALUTING BATTERY SITE.

A LEASE for 999 years of the very valuable building land known as "THE SALUTING BATTERY SITE" admeasuring 5,983 square yards and situate at the junction of Colaba Causeway and Apollo Pier Road with respective frontages of 210 feet and 300 feet to those throughfares, and with further frontages of 174 feet to Lansdowne Road and 221 feet to Battery Street.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE SITE ON MONDAY, 9TH MAY, 1921, AT 4 P.M. PRECISELY.

The site faces Wellington Fountain and the Hotel Majestic and is within a hundred yards of Apollo Pier and the site of the future Gateway of India. Illustrated particulars and conditions of sale will be available after the 15th instant, price Rs. 5 each.

All communications to be addressed to THE LAND MANAGER, Directorate of Development, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay.

C8915

DIRECTORATE OF DEVELOPMENT.

OLD CUSTOM HOUSE YARD, FORT, BOMBAY.

VILLE PADLE TOWN PLANNING SCHEME NO. 2.

To all to whom it may concern.

I, Captain E. M. GILBERT- LODGE, Arbitrator appointed by Government in their order No. S. A. 592, dated the 9th February, 1921, do hereby give notice under Section 30 of the Town Planning Act that the Arbitration proceedings in respect of the above scheme will open at the offices of the Development Directorate, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 21st instant at 11-30 a.m. when all person interested in the Lands included in the scheme should attend and state their objections if any to the draft scheme.

E. M. GILBERT-LODGE, Land Manager, Development Directorate. C 8951

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPG. & WG. CO., LD

94TH DIVIDEND.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that an adinterim Dividend for the half year ended 31st Dece[illegible]mber, 1920, at the rate of Rs. 350, (three hund[illegible]red and fifty) per share will be paid at the Re[illegible]gistered Office of the Company, on and after M[illegible] of 12 noon and 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), to those shareholders whose names will have stood on the Register of the Company, on the 16th April 1921.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the C[illegible]ompany will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 25th instant to SATURDAY, the 23rd instant both days inclusive.

Dividend Warrants will be posted in due course to the registered addresses of shareholders. Change of address if any, should be notified without delay on receipt of this notice.

By Order of the B[illegible]
MORARJEE GOCU[illegible]
Secretaries, Treas[illegible]

The Morarjee Gocul[illegible] Ismail Buildings, Bombay, 8th A[illegible]

PUBLIC NOTICE.

FOR SALE

YELLOW and BLACK BUILDING STONES such as Copy, Khanki Header, etc. For samples and rates write to THE CHANDAULI STONES AND BRICKS SUPPLY Co., Abdulla Building, near Railway Station, Kurla, G. I. P. Railway. R8059

MOTOR DRIVER'S UNION.

MOTOR DRIVERS' UNION, undertakes to provide expert and reliable Motor drivers. Please write to the HON. SECRETARY of the Motor Drivers' Union, Netia Building, Chaupati, Bombay, for particulars. C8733

WANTED

FOR the Department of Industries, Punjab, a fully qualified WEAVING MASTER, Capable of himself weaving on Hand Looms in cotton, wool and silk and capable of instructing weavers in improved methods. Good pay to a capable man.

DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES, Punjab, LAHORE. C 9025

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that Messrs. GAJANAN & COMPANY, have REMOVED their office to JARIWALLA BUILDING, (1st Khetwady), near Globe Cinema, Sandhurst Road, from 9th April, 1921. C8853

THE BRITISH INDIA BANKING AND INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION, LTD.

(110/111, Great Western Buildings, Apollo Street, Fort.)

NOTICE.

THE above Corporation has commenced business on and from the 9th April, 1921, at their present temporary premises at 110/111, Great Western Buildings, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. For Rules of business and other particulars please apply to the GENERAL MANAGER at the above address.

Bombay, 9th April, 1921. C 8945

FOR SALE.

BUILDING STONES such as Copy Khanki Rubble, Corner Stones, Metal Header, etc.

Also machine extracted "Sisal Hemp or Agave Fibre." For samples and rates apply the AGENT, the Powai Estate, 50, Medows treet, Fort.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO.'s JOINT SERVICE.

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing about	Remarks
A Steamer		in June	for Montreal

Terms, Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., 16, Strand Road, CALCUTTA. P. O. Box 163. Telephone No. 1330.

SALE OF COOKING OIL.

111 Tons of COOKING OIL, which is unfit for consumption by human beings owing to its acidity is offered for sale.

2. Tenders for the above should be submitted to the undersigned up to 12 noon on FRIDAY, the 22nd April, 1921, quoting rates per 100 lbs. (a) with and (b) without packing and stating the quantity they are prepared to purchase.

3. The oil can be inspected in "I" Section, Grain Depot, Mazagon.

4. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit of 10 per cent. of the value of the quantity tendered for.

5. The right to decline any or all the tenders is reserved.

6. The offers will hold good for one month.

(Sd.) J. M. MATTHEWS, Captain, for A. D. S. & T. (Embarkation).

Alex. Docks, Bombay, 14th April, 1921. C9041

PRESS NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the Temporary (War) Buildings, which are erected and can be seen in the grounds of the Deccan Agricultural College, Poona.

Tender Forms may be obtained from the Garrison Engineer, Poona, on payment of Re. 1 for each Form.

All tenders must be received by D.A.D.M.W., Poona, not later than [illegible] from the date of issue of this Press N[illegible]

The D.A.D.M.W., Poona reserves to reject any tender, or accept part of any tender.

Tenders submitted must be Rs. 100 as earnest money, cessful Tenderers.

The following infor[illegible] fication of the bui[illegible]

No. 5 Build[illegible] cluding Iron [illegible] Ston[illegible] Co[illegible]

PUBLIC

NOTICE OF REMO[illegible]

MESSRS. J. F. KARAKA & C[illegible] phone Buildings, have Te[illegible] REMOVED their offices to their [illegible] mises, "GLENROSE," Merewether [illegible] Right opposite Taj Mahal Hotel Garden. [illegible] R 29[illegible]

NOTICE.

THE services of one ASSISTANT ENGINEER, one SUPERVISOR and one OVERSEER are required for permanent employment in the Dhrangadra State P. W. D., Only fully qualified men need apply to the SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, Dhrangadra, Kathiawar. C 9039

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

THE attention of Jurymen is directed to the Preliminary Jury lists published in the "Bombay Government Gazette" of the 14th instant.

Suggestions for alterations or corrections in the said lists should be sent in writing to the Clerk of the Crown or the undersigned on or before the 20th instant.

S. J. GILLUM, Sheriff of Bombay.

Sheriff's Office, High Court, Bombay, 15th April, 1921. 9037

THE MADRAS & SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

NOTICE.

WORKS MANAGER required, starting pay about Rs. 500 according to qualifications, for charge of Engineering Workshops, Arkonam, number of employes on pay roll at present about nine hundred. Thorough practical knowledge of Metal and Wood Working Machinery and Foundry Work, Manufacture of Points and Crossings and Signalling Materials. Experienced in Workshop management and Office work. Apply with copies of certificates to the CHIEF ENGINEER, M. and S. M. Railway, Park Town, Madras. C9036

WANTED.

WANTED for the Chief Court of Lower Burma and other Court in Rangoon an INTERPRETER and TRANSLATOR on a salary of Rs. 100—10—250 per mensem with prospect of further promotion. A good knowledge of Guzerati, Hindi and Urdu with ability to read manuscript writings in these languages is essential. In addition a knowledge of Sindhi, Persian and Marwari is also desirable. None but those who have passed the I. A. or I. Sc. examination of an Indian University or its equivalent need apply. The selected candidate will be on probation for six months. Applications accompanied by copies of testimonials should reach the Registrar, Chief Court of Lower Burma, not later than the 15th May, 1921.

R. G. MCDOWALL, Registrar, Chief Court of Lower Burma.

Rangoon, 7th April, 1921. 9040

THE BOMBAY UGANDA CO, LTD.

ISSUE OF 17,000 SHARES OF RS. 100 EACH OF WHICH RS. 60 HAS BEEN PAID ON APPLICATION, ALLOTMENT AND FIRST CALL. SECOND CALL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a Meeting of the Directors of this Company held here on the 12th April, 1921, a call of Rs. 20 per share was made and it was determined that such a call should be paid to the Company's Managing Agents at the Registered office, Royal Insurance Buildings, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay, on or bertore 16th May, 1921, from which date interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum will be charged until payment. All remittances must be made payable in Bombay free of charge and must be accompanied by the relative Share Certificates.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 11th to 17th May 1921, both days inclusive.

For and on behalf of the Bombay Uganda Company Ltd.

W. H. BRADY & COMPANY, LTD. J. A. KAY, Director.

Agent[illegible] C[illegible]

GOBHAI KARANJIA LI[illegible]

NOT[illegible]

NOTICE [illegible] the MEETI[illegible] Comp[illegible] of [illegible]

...LIC NOTICE.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS for supply and laying of 4" C. I. Pipes for water supply at Bhindi near Kalyan will be received upto 4 O'clock on the afternoon of 25th April, 1921.

Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the undersigned between the hours of 2 and 5 p.m.

The owner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

MISTRI & BHEDWAR,
B.A's., L.C.E's.,
Architects.

18, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
R 2990

THE UNIVERSAL FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Universal Fire and General Insurance Company, Ltd., will be held on TUESDAY, the 26th April, 1921, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at the Registered Office of the Company, 25/29, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 18th of April, 1921, to MONDAY, the 2nd of May, 1921, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
M. KANJI & CO.,
Managing Agents.

C9034

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

THE DIRECTOR of Development is prepared to receive tenders for the construction of:—

(1) Deputy Chief Engineer's Office at Marine Lines.
(2) Officer's Bungalow at Marine Lines.

Plans and bills of quantities can be obtained at the office of the Chief Engineer, Reclamation, Old Customs House Yard, Fort, on payment of Re. 1 per set of each.

Tenders should reach the office of the Director of Development by 12 noon (S. T.), on the 27th April, 1921, at which time they will be opened.

Tenders must be accompanied by Rs. 150 for Deputy Chief Engineer's Office and Rs. 250 for Officer's Bungalow in cash or Government Securities endorsed to the Director of Development as earnest money. This will be refunded to unsuccessful tenderers and in the case of the successful tenderer, will be credited to him as part of his security deposit.

The successful tenderer will be required to deposit in cash or Government Securities endorsed to the Director of Development Rs. 1,500 for the Deputy Chief Engineer's Office and Rs. 2,500 for Officer's Bungalow as security for the due fulfilment of his contract.

The Director of Development does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender nor to give reasons for the non-acceptance of tenders.

Old Customs House Yard, Fort,

Bombay, dated the 15th April, 1921.

C9046

LEGAL NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of VIRJI LALJI, of Bombay Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Sandhurst Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

Bai VELBAI, widow of Virji Lalji of Bombay Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Sandhurst Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, on behalf of the minor sons of the deceased and limited until one of them attains majority.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this fourteenth day of April. in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-one, and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

...al of the ...Court (Sd.) R. B. PATEL
Ag. Registrar

...L DAVAR,
... 1921.
...f & DEVIDAS,
... Attorneys.

SALES BY AUCTION.

GANDHI & CO.
AUCTIONEER.
Telephone No. 4927.

NOTICE.

AUCTION SALE of yarn and cloth bales advertised to take place on SUNDAY, the 17th April, 1921, under instructions from Mukundlal Bansilal Esqr., Proprietor of the Raja Bahadur Motilal Poona Mills and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Kishanlal Manilal of Poona is cancelled as an amicable settlement has been arrived at between the parties.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 16th April, 1921.

MESSRS SORABJEE CAWASJEE & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.)

IMPORTANT TO MILL STORES SUPPLIERS
SALE OF 30 TONS TALLOW.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & CO., will under instruuction from Messrs. Nanu Hormasjee & Co., Attorneys for Mr. R. F. Lantin the vendor and on account and at the risk of Mr. Hussonally Saboorbhai of Valpak hadi New Road sell by Public Auction at their sale Rooms on Wednesday, 20th April, 1921, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), the following.

30. Tons about Tallow.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, 20th April, 1921, at their Sale Room, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

By order of the Bank concerned.
1 Case 100 doz. Lady's Socks.
5 Cases each 100 doz. Gent's Socks.
1 Case 30 Pieces 50in. 36/44 yds. casement cloth (Satin finish tussoie)
2 Cases each 30 Pieces 50in. by 36/44 yds. casement cloth (Satin finish tussoie)
1 Case east 34 Pieces 50in. by 36/44 yds. casement cloth (satin finish tussoie).
66 chests Calcutta tea.
On account of the concerned.
29 Cases Glass Globes.
16 Cases Suit Cases.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers

Bombay, 16th April, 1921.

J. S. MODY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 3469.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, 17TH APRIL, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 17th day of April, 1921, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), on **the ground Floor of the Bunglow No. 593 at Souter Road at the back of Byculla Club very valuable teak and blackwood household furniture comprising sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, handsome sideboard, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meatsafe, rich glass, crockery and plateware, marble top tables, tiled and plain top teapoys, upholstered Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, rich carpets, pictures, table ornaments, handsome cabinets, corner cabinets, carved furniture, iron single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, chest of drawers, cloths and gown presses, reclining sofas, folding arm easy chairs, ice chest, babagaries, sweet toned cottage piano, pianosette, hat stands, electric Chandlier, etc. etc.**

The property of Abdulabhoy Fazal Rangoonwalla Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 16th April, 1921.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.
On Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AND SWEEPINGS AT WADI BUNDER GOODS DEPOT G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Co. and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railway Act IX of 1890, Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 29th and SATURDAY, the 30th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the above address the following unclaimed goods and sweepings consisting of bags of cotton seeds, bags of wheat, bags of linseed, bags of tillseed, bags of hirda, bags of rice, bags of toor, bags of flour, bags of salt, bags of masur, bags of turmeric, case of bangles, case of luggage, bales of papers, bales of hessian cloth, bales of C P goods, cases of tea, lot of iron pipes, empty wooden casks, bundles of gunny bags, bundles of F P cotton, bundles of hides, military clothes, trunk of luggage, bundles of iron bars, bags of ashastos powder, bundles of wooden planks, empty wooden crates, tins of oil, cases of locks, bags of charcoal, bags of sugar, bundles of fresh dates, bags of sweeping grain, bundles of jogree etc., etc.:—

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale and in special lots if the Auctioneers demand full amount shall have to be paid and the goods to be removed within 10 days from the date of sale otherwise wharfage will be charged at one anna per maund per day.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers

Bombay, 16th April, 1921.

SCIENTIFIC DIETETICS.

...is a pamphlet on the Art of Eating for ...lth and Efficiency.

...erson will find it invaluable; the ... and weak people who are ...n that drugs give health ... of their having been ... tons of drugs.

...S THE MATE- ...ODIES ARE ... study, ...n

ECONOMIC & FINANCIAL REVIEW.

BY "KRISTODAS."

The Coal Situation.

Astrologers say that particular stars affect a particular commodity very adversely sometimes. It would appear as if stars in their mysterious course are now affecting very adversely coal which from being once a practically neglected community has come to occupy the greatest attention of the present civilised world. The greatest strike the United Kingdom has experienced is now concerning the coal question. We in India though not confronted with the same troubles have no small trouble with regard to the coal supply. The commercial community has been protesting to the Government since the last six months and more against the way in which coal supplies have been managed. The Government removed the grievance regarding exports of coal to Egypt and Ceylon and also the abnormal quantities taken for bunkering purposes. The main difficulty has not been removed however. This is the question of the supply of waggons to transport coal from coalfields to industrial centres like Calcutta and Bombay. There is any number of complaints and allegations against the Railway authorities and coal mines and yet no remedy appears to have been found by the Government for the present state of things. The Hon. Mr. Froom, retiring Chairman of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, put it very well in his presidential speech:—"There are occasions when one almost despairs of arriving at a correct solution of this problem. At one time it is reported that the raisings of coal at the collieries are good and ample but that the difficulty is one of waggons. At another we are informed that the supply of waggons is more than sufficient, but there is no coal. Again we are informed that there are both waggons and coal, but not sufficient railway facilities to deal with the traffic. On the whole we have come to the conclusion that the main difficulty is one of waggons and their mobility, although at certain brief periods in the year, when labour is inclined to disappear on agricultural pursuits." A committee in Bombay was suggested to the Government to regulate the supply but it does not appear as if any reply has been vouchsafed on this score. We would not urge for more waggons till we are convinced that the full capacity of the waggons is utilised. As far back as the time of the late Mr. Stead he carried on with his usual zeal comparative analysis of the results of working of Railways and motor lorries and found the balance in favour of the latter. The main difficulty and defect of Railway working is that full use is not made of the rolling stock of Railways. Is it not pathetic that Railways should be blowing those very factors like the present trade depression and exchange situation which has created in the country a state bordering on disaster? If with all our diminished exports we are experiencing the present difficulties in the shape of waggons shortage for the transport of coal we shudder to think what would have been the situation had the export trade been now in a roaring conditions. The whole solution of the troublesome question rests with the Government alone and the country looks to it for a way out of the difficulty.

Exchange.

So address on trade and industrial conditions at present would be considered complete if it did not contain any reference to the present exchange situation. Mr. Froom also referred in his presidential speech to "that very troublesome matter, exchange." He has no ready made prescription or panacea for the situation as appears to be in the command of some of our critics. The real solution of the present exchange depression is, according to him, in the revival of the export trade of the country. The next question naturally is how to bring about such a revival. Here again artificial means will not do. Sale of reverse councils, embargo on the imports of silver, duty on imports of silver, all or some of these remedies are suggested by critics but the general feeling appears to be to let the exchange alone. We took the position of the Indian Merchants, Chamber in their address to His Excellency Lord Reading to mean that they wanted some interference from the Government. It now seems clear however from the speech of their Chairman Mr. Lalji Naranji at the interview with the Hon. Mr. Hailey that their attitude also is "Hands Off". The experience of the commercial community of Government meddling was so bad last year that they will not have now such an interference at any cost. Mr. Hailey attempted to find an inconsistency between this attitude and the demand for a Committee to sit in revision over the Report of the Babington Smith Currency Committee. As a matter of fact there is no inconsistency if we have rightly interpreted the position. While the Chamber will not have anything to do with direct Government interference at the present juncture, they want a Committee of inquiry as suggested by the Babington Smith Currency Committee themselves, to review the whole situation and to make necessary recommendations for future action. Action may be taken on this Report after it has been submitted to the country and Legislative Assembly for their opinion. In short the commercial community does not want any active interference from the Finance Department, constituted as it is, as it was responsible for all the muddle created last ... No objection will however be taken ...port prepared by a fresh Committee ...ajority of Indian members, an ...rman and sitting in India to ... We are glad at the assurance given by Mr. Hailey that any Committee to be appointed will have the constitction and personnel desired and recommended by the Indian public opinion.

Certificate to Mr. Hailey.

Whatever may be the differences of opinion between the Indian and European commercial communities there can be no doubt of that fact that there is almost an unanimity of opinion that the finances of the country have not been managed well during the regime of the Hon. Mr. Hailey.. It may be the misfortune of Mr. Hailey that he took charge of his office at a very inopportune moment. It may even be pleaded that he had to act according to the mandates from the India Office. All this however does not excuse him altogether, for he could have taken the bold step of sending his resignation if he did not agree with the decisions of the India Office. Unfortunately all our trouble, both political and commercial, has been due during the last three years to the unwillingness of men to leave their office even when they realise that their presence is not conducive to the best interests of the country. It happened in the case of both Lord Chelmsford and Mr. Hailey. The Indian Merchants' Chamber have, in a very plain and blunt language, told him how his department has turned a deaf ear to the representation smade time after time by them. So much has this persistent indifference of the Finance Department exasperated the Indian Chamber that some members were actually of opinion that it was useless to have any interview with the head of that Department. It is not possible for any Government of course to grant all the demands of a public institution but during the year and a half that the campaign of the Indian Chamber has been going on there should have been a few points on which the Government could have seen eye to eye with them. And yet it is this very Mr. Hailey whom His Excellency the Governor of Bombay has gone out of his way to laud to the skies. Speaking at the meeting of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce he indulged in the usual platitude of ascribing the present situation to world factors. "I was really glad to hear your Chairman point out that a world situation such as this is not due to the faults of any administration and is further one which cannot be cured by criticism but can certainly be made worse by pessimism." His Excellency will have an occasion to read the reply given by the Chairman of the Indian Chamber in his speech to this platitude of world causes. He observed that while the Committee fully recognised that the present situation of trade was due to world causes they felt very strongly that the position for India was aggravated by the action of the Government and there would not have been that serious export of capital the effects of which we all deplore to-day.

Is it Regret?

The Hon. Mr. Hailey has got the very pleasing art of disarming criticism by anticipating the accusations of his opponents and admitting them if he is driven to bady. His opitimism was supreme upto September 1920 when he got the amendments passed to the Paper Currency Act and the Coinage Act. Since then however the events which have happened and the very vigorous criticism which have been pouring in upon his devoted head have modified this opitimism and his general attitude seems to be much chastened. Thus he said "I have been perfectly frank elsewhere in admitting publicly that the attempts to make good the policy of the Babington Smith Committee have caused depletion of our sterling resources; and to some small extent, in view of the very abnormal conditions of trade and exchange on the Continent, may have contributed to check exports. I am quite prepared to admit that if other methods of selling the reverse Bills had been adopted the depletion of sterling resources would have been less marked."

If this important admission is made the Government can go a step further now in the direction of giving relief to merchants who have been adversely affected by the policy of the Government. Mr. Hailey does not think so. He repeats what His Excellency Lord Reading observed a few days ago. The matter is not, in the opinion of the Government for their interference. "We do not believe that we could assist usefully in what is essentially a matter for decision between the individuals concerned—and I emphasise the word individuals. The argument used by Mr. Hailey is apparently a plausible one. One would have no objection to agreeing to it if the case were a purely commercial one and h... not been complicated by other matters. The complication was of the Government of India's own making in the form of an understanding that the Government would do their best to keep up the exchange at 2s. Mr. Hailey fears that Government interference will produce something like a moratorium in business, whereas the whole interests of the country are concerned in settling off the present outstanding differences as soon as possible and getting to work on the demand for fresh supplies of piecegoods which is now undoubtedly offering in the country. The position even now does not differ largely from a moratorium as practically all the importers and importing houses are waiting and watching for "something to turn up". The movement for compromise has to some extent already begun and will be facilitated if the Government give a helping hand. The Government have done so in other countries and there is no reason why it cannot be done here.

Export of Foodstuffs.

Wheels of the Government move slowly. How slowly is illustrated recently by the instance of the resolution recommending removal of all restrictions against the export of foodstuffs passed by the Council of State. It is now almost a month since the resolution has been passed by the Council of State and yet so far as we are aware no action has yet been taken on it by the Government. All the restrictions in force are there still and merchants of Bombay have, it is said, to send rice to Karachi to be exported to foreign countries as Bombay cannot do so under the present orders. Either Government want to follow the resolution or they do not. In any case the situation will be greatly relieved if they announce their decision soon.

Employment of Indians in Imperial Bank.

Advantage can be taken of the presence of the Managing Governors of the Imperial Bank in this City by the Indian Chamber asking them for a definite statement regarding the employment of Indians in higher grades in the Imperial Bank. Vague promises will not do as we have sufficiently seen the value of such platitudes. If definite and large percentages are fixed for the admission of Indians in the leading services of the State there is no reason why a similar percentage should not be fixed for the Imperial Bank, specially as Indians are known for their banking talents. Steps must be taken to admit Indians as apprentices to be trained as officers to look after the large number of branches that are to be opened. There should be no attempt made to dispose of these apprentices in a summary manner after their admission as was unfortunately by an Indian Bank!

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

BOMBAY, April 15.

The Marwari bazar opened this morning for fully good M. G. April/May Broach for Rs. 246 and July/August at Rs. 273½. They then gradually declined to Rs. 245½ and Rs. 272½ and were Rs. 247 and Rs. 274 at 3 p.m. The bazar finally closed at Rs. 249 and Rs. 276.

The Colaba market opened at Rs. 253 an Rs. 277 and closed at Rs. 252 and Rs. 276. Yesterday our market for ready cotton was steady and prices for forward contracts also remained almost unchanged. To-day owing to declining advice from America and discouraging news of strike in England, our market shows quiet feelings and about Rs. 3 to 5 per candy are quoted lower than yesterday.

Our markets are closed to-morrow owing to Ramnavimi holiday.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 P. M.)
Bombay, 15th April, 1921.

			Rs.
Fully Good Broach	..	April-May	248
,, ,, ,,	..	July August	276
Fully Good Bengal	..	May	200
,, ,, ,,	..	July	211
Fine Comra	..	May	227
,, ,,	..	July	243

(For other commercial see page 12.)

PUBLIC NOTICE.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT MUNICIPAL OFFICES,
Bombay, 12th April 1921.

PLAGUE EPIDEMIC.

Inoculation against Plague confers protection for 6 months. Plague epidemics last for 3 months only.

If cases of Plague have occurred in the neighbourhood in which you live, attend for inoculation free of charge between 8 and 9 a. m. on any day except Sunday at one of the following Inoculation Stations:—

No. 1	District Registrar's office,			No. 111 Frere Road.
,, 2	,,	,,	,,	Kolsa Mohalla, Pydhoni.
,, 3	,,	,,	,,	Imamwada Road, opposite the Mogul Masjid.
,, 4	,,	,,	,,	Dadyshet Agiary Street, Dhobi Talao.
,, 5	,,	,,	,,	No. 207 Grant Road.
,, 6	,,	,,	,,	,, 8, Kandewadi, Girgaum.
,, 7	,,	,,	,,	,, 144, Bellasis Road.
,, 8	,,	,,	,,	,, 436, Foras Road.
,, 9	,,	,,	,,	,, 11, Elphinstone Road.
,, 10	,,	,,	,,	,, 237, De Lisle Road.

DESTRUCTION OF RATS

Plague is conveyed by fleas from Plague-infected rats to man. 2,000 rats per day and seven lacs per year are destroyed by the Municipality.

Every occupier of a dwelling or a godown sohuld play his part in the campaign against rats by the use of traps and by purchasing and laying down rat poison.

Traps will be lent by the Municipality on application to the Undersigned.

J. E. SANDILANDS,
Executive Health Officer.

THE BANK STATEMENT THAT ANY MAN OR WOMAN CAN UNDERSTAND

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

SIMPLIFIED BALANCE-SHEET AS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1920.

THE BANK OWES TO DEPOSITORS		Rs. 11,03,00,000
FOR THIS PURPOSE WE HAVE		
I Cash & Deposits with other Banks	Rs.	1,88,00,00
II. Investments in Treasury Bills, Govt. Bonds etc. ..	,,	2,34,00,000
III. Loans to Individuals &	,,	7,21,00,000
IV. Bank Premises	,,	30,00,000
TOTAL TO MEET INDEBTEDNESS	Rs.	11,73,00,000.
Leaving a surplus of	Rs.	70,00,000
Add to this the Reserve Liability of our Share-holders ..	,,	50,00,000
GIVING A NET RESULT OF A SURPLUS OF Rs. 1,20 00,000 OVER OUR LIABILITIES	Rs.	1,20,00,000

S. N. POOHKHANAWALA,
Managing Director

BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO

NATIONAL OVERSEAS BANK.
Incorporated in Portugal.
ESTABLISHED 1864.

Authorised Capital Esc. 40,000,000 (£10,000,000)
Capital Paid-up Esc. 24,000,000 (£5,333,333)
Reserve Fund Esc. 24,000,000 (£5,227,808)

STATE BANK OF THE PORTUGUESE COLONIES.
Head Office—LISBON.
BRANCHES.

LONDON:—275, Throgmorton Street, E.C 2.
PARIS:—8, Rue Helder.
NEW YORK—Wall Street.

OTHER BRANCHES.

Portugal (30 Branches).
Brazil (9 Branches).
East Africa (9 Branches).
West Africa (15 Branches).
Azores (2 Branches).
Madeira.
Macau.
Timor.
Belgian Congo.
Portuguese India.

Over 500 correspondents in all important Commercial Centres.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

BOMBAY (Temporary) OFFICE.
Great Western Building, Apollo Street.
E. de Medeiros, Manager.

DIABETES

World Renowned.
RADICAL AND SURE CURE
Pannah Buildings, Bellary.

To

Messrs. K. P. Ray & J. P. Ray Bros.,
5, Benares City.

Dear Sirs,

It is my great pleasure to certify that your diabetic specific is an infallible cure. It has given me immense relief after full 12 weeks' use. Certainly it has given a tie to the general opinion of the Public that the Malady is one irremediable. I strongly recommend your specific to the thousands of people who may be quietly suffering having become a prey to this fell disease.

Yours faithfully,
MADHO SINGH,
Ex-Maharajah Madho Singh of Pannah,
Fort Bellary.

NOTE.—Testimonials are sent free; Full amount is to be refunded if radical cure is not effected. This is the best time for taking the specific.

(4)

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Ramnavmi: Banks closed.
The s.s. Kaiser-i-Hind with the English mail leaves at 1 p.m.

ENGLISH MAIL.

The mail steamer Malwa has on board the outward mails of the 7th instant, arrived at Port Said on Wednesday, the 13th instant.

BAND NOTICE.

The band of the G. I. P. Rly. Regt. A.F. (India) will play at the Bombay Gymkhana this evening, commencing at 6-15.

GOA SARASWAT SAMAJ.

Under auspices of the above Samaj the General Meeting will be held to-day at 3-30 p.m., at the premises of the Samaj.

"TINH KAY SANGITLE."

A new Marathi drama "What She Says" is to be staged to-night at the Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL.

The Women's Council Office is moving into Lady Ratan Tata's House, Waudby Road, to-day.

DEPRESSED CLASS CONFERENCE AT SAWDA.

A conference of all the depressed classes of India is to be held at Sawda (East Khandesh on 18th and 19th April, all members are invited to attend the Conference.

DR A. D'SILVA'S HIGH SCHOOL EX-STUDENS' ASSOCIATION.

There will be a general meeting to-morrow at 11 a.m. in the school rooms, to adopt the draft rules and elect Office-bearers for the current year.

BOMBAY ZIONIST ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the Literary and Social Committee of the above Association a lecture will be delivered by Mr. M. Moses on "Zionism in the Bible" at the Sir Jacob Sassoon School Hall, at 5 p.m. (S. T.) to-day. Mr. J. S. Ezra will preside.

CITY'S MORTALITY.

The total mortality of the city on the 14th instant, was 228 as compared with 127 on the corresponding day of last year and 205 in 1919. There were 18 attacks and 8 deaths from plague and 9 attacks and 7 deaths from small-pox.

"SALLE PANCAISE' "

The Second lecture will be delivered by Lieut.-Colonel F. C. Hughes, on Precious metals, under the chaimpionship of Monsier R. Vadala, French Consul, Chevalier de la Legion d'Honour, 6.30 p.m. to-day.

ELPHINSTONE ROAD CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETY.

The 4th Annual General Meeting of the Elphinstone Road Co-operative Credit Society Ltd, will be held on to-morrow (Sunday), at 10-30 a.m. at the Registered Office of the Society, 20, Javeri Building, Parel.

MADANPURA MEETING POSTPONED.

The public meeting arranged for this evening Madanpura Maidan, next to Salvation Army Headquarters and where Mrs. Naidu and other were to give an address on "Our Duty to the Country" has been postponed.

THE SOCIAL CLUB LALBAG.

Under the auspices of the Social Club, Lalbag the anniversary of Shri Ram will be celebrated at 12 noon to-day at the premises of the Club, when Mr. Y. M. Lad, Principal, Gokhale Education Society's School, Parel High School, will speak on "The Ideal of Ram." It is open to the public.

SARASWAT BRAHMAN SAMAJ.

In connection with the celebration of the anniversary of the late Yogiraj Sohirobanath Mr. W. R. Kearkar, will give a discourse on his teachings, in the Samaj Hall, to-day at p.m., when members and well-wishers of the Saraswat Brahman Samaj are requested to attend.

THE Y. M. E. S. SCOUT TROOPS

All the scouts and officers of this troop must be present in uniform to-morrow (Sunday) at 7-30 a.m. at Charni Road Garden for Drill, and also a meeting of the scouts will be held at 9 a.m. at the Society's premises, when the Hon. Commissioner Dr. M. B. Welkar will speak on the "Present situation" of the troop.

THE ISRAELITE BROTHERHOOD

The Sabbath and Jewish History classes will *not* meet to-day. The Marathi class will meet at 3 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday) and at 4 p.m. there will be a business meeting followed by a conversational meeting.

Shorthand class will meet on Monday, at 7-30 p.m. There will be no class on Thursday.

LECTURE AT CATHOLIC LIBRARY.

The Revd. J. Bigland, will give a talk on "My Experience Abroad," at the Library Hall at Cavel Street at 7 p.m. to-day. The reverend gentleman has travelled much and been through the late war at Egypt and Palestine as Military Chaplain to the Forces. Commander H. A. B. Digby-Bthete, of he Royal Indian Marine will preside.

The lecture is open to all.

NEW SPINNING CLASSES IN BOMBAY.

The Swarajya Sagha spinning class at the Marathi Rashtriya Shala has been closed for summer vacation with effect from to-day.

Three new spinning classes have been opened as under:—

(1) 59 Chandra Bhuvan: Gamdevi 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. (S. T.); (2) Grant Road Karanjya (2nd floor), for Gentleman 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. (S. T.) and for Ladies 12 p.m. to 4 p.m. (S. T.); (3) Parvati Building 2nd floor opp. Thakurdwar Post 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. (S. T.).

MANDVI DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The following gentlemen have been selected as representatives to sit on the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee on behalf of the Mandvi District Congress Committee:—

Sheth Velji Lakhamshi Napu; Sheth Parmanand Rutonji Jivandas; Sheth Velji Anandji Muhisheri; Sheth Ahmad Hajji Sidick Khatri; Sheth Kheshavji Mulji; Dr. Jethulal Nanmalidas Vora; Sheth Khimji Shamji; Sheth Jamnadas Madhavji Mehta; Kheshavji Jeram Thakkar; Vajirao Bandeally; Sheth Dulabhadjee Keshavji Khetani; Sheth Manilal Manekchand; Sheth Khimji Hirji Lodaya; Dharamshi Khengur Mehta; Sheth Muzamali; Sheth Oodhavji Tulsidas; Sheth Champshi Dosabhai; Sheth Abdool Gami Choovdhari; Sheth Dhirajlal Chuganlal Modi; Mr. B. N. Mahishari.

HIGH COURT.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS

CHARGE OF MURDER.

GOVT WITHDRAWS THE CASE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Fawcett and a Special Jury.)

Emperor v. Sharifkhan Akbarkhan and three others.

The four accused in this case were charged with the murder of one Jamrosa Khan on 2nd January last.

The Advocate-General with Mr. P. L. Thacker appeared for the Crown.

Mr. G. M. Gupte appeared for the accused.

The facts of the case as alleged by the prosecution were that the deceased Jamrose Khan was a watchman in the employment of the Improvement Trust at Delisle Road. On the night of 2nd January last at about 12 midnight while the deceased was seated on a charpoy in a chawl under construction, and one Noor Akmal was spending by, the four accused came up and the first accused dealt a blow on the head of the deceased with an axe, and Nos. 2 and 3 struck him with sticks. The deceased fell down and died almost immediately. The accused strapped the body of its clothes and No. 1 removed a belt containing money and gave it to No. 4. The accused then left. On the morning of the 3rd January Noor Akmal told one Tukaram, a Mukadam, that Jamrose had been killed, but did not give the names of the accused. Noor Akmal stated that he did not give the names of the accused as he was afraid on account of threats from the accused. Subsequently Noor Akmal alongwith the four accused was arrested on suspicion. He remained in custody till 14th January, when he was released.

After Noor Akmal had been examined by the Advocate-General and cross-examined by Mr. Gupte, the foreman of the jury declared that if that was the only witness for the prosecution who could depose to the facts of the alleged murder the jury did not wish to hear the case further. The Advocate-General on this intimation of the jury's view begged permission to withdraw the case under Section 333 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and his Lordship ordered the accused to be acquitted and discharged.

SWEEPER MURDERS A SWEEPER

ACCUSED GETS 3 YEARS.

The two accused in this case were charged with murder and abetment thereof by causing the death of one Moola Khima on 8th March 1921.

The facts as alleged by the prosecution were that the accused and the deceased were all sweepers living in a Municipal sweeper's chawl at Suklaji Street off Grant Road. The deceased lived in a room in the chawl with his wife and a boy named Rama. On the 7th of March No. 2 had a party in his room. He had invited the deceased and his wife. But they did not attend, and that appears to have enraged him. On the afternoon of the 8th March while the deceased was asleep and his wife had gone out, the two accused went to his room and began to abuse the boy, Rama. Both the accused were armed with sticks, and they assaulted Rama. Rama shouted, on which the deceased came out. The accused made a combined assault upon him and No. 1 struck the deceased with a stick on the head and leg. The deceased fall down and became unconscious The accused ran away but were subsequently arrested. The deceased was taken to the hospital, where he died four days after. He had a fractured skull this there were minor injuries upon the two accused also, which showed that there was a scuffle.

The Advocate-General with Mr. M. P. Amin appeared for the Crown.

Mr. Ghaswala appeared for accused No. 1.

Mr. Azad appeared for No. 2

The jury unanimously found the first accused guilty of grievous hurt and the second accused not guilty.

His Lordship sentenced the first accused to three years' rigorous imprisonment.

KARACHI RACES.

THIRD DAY.

HANDICAP

KARACHI, April 15.

The following are the handicaps for the third day of the Karachi races:—

SIND CLUB HURDLES.—

Tit Bits 11/5; Derman 10/12; Tallywarker 10/0; Duty 9/10; Pie Crust 9/0; Cheho 9/0; Long Tom 9/0.

KEAMARI HANDICAP.

Argonaut 10/0; Bayard 9/13; Fury 9/12; Rare Find 9/9; Spark 9/7; Escort 9/2; Subeh Pasha 8/3; Newmarket 8/1; Mason 7/8; Butter Cup 7/2;

KARACHI HANDICAP.

Cornflower 11/7; Miss Twistum 11/6; Munderah 10/12; Woodnymp 9/11; Moonshine 8/0; Bonnie Blush 7/8; Wee Lassie 7/6; Moidore 6/7; Sainte Ethelberga 6/0; Radial 6/0.

MALIR HANDICAP.

Japanese Pine 12/0; Gladiator 11/8; Trezidella 11/6; Bekstead 11/2; Duet 10/9; Lucky Thought 10/4; May Lass 10/2; Marie Antoiette 8/0; Tit Bits 8/0; Sandoola 8/0; Feather 7/0; Duke 6/0; Cheho 6/0; Mishki 6/0; Simplex 6/0; Empty Title 7/8.

MANORA HANDICAP.

Diamond King 10/5; Argonaut 10/5; Bayard 10/4; Haydn 9/7; Escort 9/6; Iron Chest 9/0; Top Notch 8/9; My Royal 8/6; Auditor 8/0; Khazna 6/12.

STEWARDS HANDICAP.

Rajah 12/7; D C O 10/12; Duke 10/0; Warrior 9/7; Haji 8/8; Mishki 8/0; Christopher 6/8; Tontree 6/0; Peeris 6/0.

POLO SCURRY.

Duty 12/0; Warrior 12/0; Daniel 12/0; The Wife 12/0; Christopher 10/7; Ginger 10/7; June 10/7; Revenge 10/7.

HOCKEY.

"HARD LINES CUP" MATCH ABANDONED.

We are informed that the Poona United are unable to raise a team and will not therefore be able to play hockey to-day. The Charity match for the "Hard Lines" Cup will not, under the circumstances, be played to-day.

STRIKES IN BOMBAY CONTINUE.

The workmen of the P. and O., The Bombay Steam Navigation and the British India Steam Navigation Companies are still holding out. The strikers did not collect yesterday morning at the Mazagaon Tram Terminus, as they were to hold a meeting.

BOMBAY POLICE COURT.

HOUSE BREAKING BY DAY.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Athvale, Sub-Inspector Chitre charged Umashankar Kalidas, a Hindu cook, with housebreaking by day and the theft of clothes and cooking utensils, valued at Rs. 37, belonging to one Ramshankar Hariram.

The facts of the case, briefly stated, are that on the 10th April, the complainant locked his room in Khoka Gully at 2 p.m. and went out On returning in the evening he found the lock of the door broken open and the articles missing. He immediately brought the matter to the notice of the police, who, after having made enquiries, arrested the accused and subsequently recovered the property from a box in Chor Bazaar, where the accused had concealed it.

The accused pleaded guilty. His Worship sentenced him to suffer one year's imprisonment at the Dharwar Juvenile gaol.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Athavle, Sergeant Turner charged Inayat Hussain, a chauffer, with criminal breach of trust as a servant of Mr. E. H. Hicks.

It appears that the complainant was the Insurance Manager of the Indian Cotton Company and resided at the Taj Mahal Hotel On Thursday at 7-30 p.m. when he arrived at the Hotel, he ordered the accused to garage the car in the compound of the Hotel. When he went out into the compound at about 10 p.m. he found his car missing. He enquired of the watchman, who told him that he had heard the accused sounding the horn, as he was going away from the Hotel. He then brought the matter to the notice of a police sepoy on duty. The accused, it appears, had on two or three occasions asked his master to permit him to use his car as a Taxi at night, as he was possessing a Taxi-driver licence. The complainant had refused to let him use the car

The accused pleaded not guilty and his defence was that as he could find no empty space in the hotel-compound, he took the car out and kept it somewhere near the hotel and brought it back at about 1 a.m. when he was arrested by the police.

His Worship disbelieved the defence of the accused and sentenced him to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 50, in default to suffer one month's rigorous imprisonment.

CLEVER ARREST OF GAMBLERS.

ACCUSED CONVICTED.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, before a bench of honorary magistrates, consisting of Mr. R. S Ranjit and Mr. Dinshaw H. Vania, Sub-Inspector Satan charged Ambalal Madal and Vithal Anaji, with gambling in a public street.

Sub-Inspector Satan stated that on receiving information that the two accused with a few others were gambling with cards on the street near Masani Hospital, with the object of inducing passers-by to gamble with them, he went to the spot in 'mufti' and found some of them gambling; and others keeping watch on both sides of the road. He could arrest only the two accused, while others decamped.

Both the accused pleaded not guilty but the Bench convicted them on the evidence. The first accused, who had one previous conviction, was sentenced to fifteen days' hard labour and the second, who had several previous convictions, got a month's hard labour.

A PARSI CHARITY PERFORMANCE.

Under the auspices of the Rathestar Mandal and in aid of the "Poor Parsis' Grain Fund" a charity performance will be given to-morrow (Sunday) morning at 10 a.m. (S.T.) at the Royal Opera House, Chowpaty, when Lady Jamshedji Jijibhoy will preside.

Besides devotional songs and musical drills by Parsi girls, demonstration of Physical Culture by Parsi boys, there will be a Magic Lantern Lecture and the well-known cinema film of "Florence Nightingale" will be screened. Admission is by tickets only.

SALVATION ARMY.

Colonel Stanley Ewens (Jayaveera) the Chief Secretary of The Western India Territory of the Salvation Army, who has been in charge of the work in this Presidency since the lamented death of Commissioner French, has now appointed as Acting Territorial Commander for South India and Ceylon Territory, with Headquarters at Madras.

He is being succeeded here by Colonel Joseph Rauch of The Salvation Army Foreign Office, who some fifteen years ago had charge of the Army's work in Gujarat, where he gained the confidence and high esteem of Salvationists and others.

These changes are taking place at the end of May.

FIRE IN A MILINER'S SHOP.

At about 9-30 p.m. on Thursday, a fire broke out in a miliner's shop, located on the ground floor of "Vithal Sayana Building," at Lohar Chawl. As soon as the flames were noticed a Fire Brigade Station was informed whereupon engines from different stations arrived immediately on the spot and brought the fire under control within half an hour, but not before a damage to the extent of Rs. 35,000, to the shop, which belonged to Mr. Haji Abdulla Haji Ahmed, and that of Rs. 32,000, to the building, was caused. The building was covered by insurance and the fire is supposed to be due to over-heating of electic iron.

MOTOR ACCIDENT BRINGS ON PNEUMONIA

Another fatal motor accident was revealed yesterday in the course of an inquest held by the local coroner, touching the death of Balkrishna Bahiset, aged forty-five.

It appears that on the 9th instant, at about 8-30 p.m., motor car No. 4479 was proceeding along Girgaum Road towards Dhobi Talao and there was a string of carriages in front of it. Balkrishna came out of the line of carriages and tried to cross the road when the car came upon him and knocked him down. He was taken to the G. T. Hospital where he was detained for treatment and subsequently developed pneumonia and died of it.

A verdict of death from pneumonia, following upon injuries accidentally sustained, was returned by the jury in this case.

A MAN BEATEN TO DEATH.

The coroner held an inquest touching the death of Ramji Gopal, aged about thirty, who died at the J. J. Hospital, where he was admitted with injuries inflicted on him by Govind Yesu and four others, at Kalachowky where he went to see a relative on whose behalf he (deceased) interfered in an altercation which was going on between the suspects and his relative. It is stated that the suspects dealt blows to the deceased with sticks and fists and as the consequence of which his skull was fractured and his brain compressed.

The jury returned a verdict of death from compression of brain and fracture of the skull resulting apparently from the blows inflicted on him during a fight in which the suspects took part.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

To-night another vaudeville company opens at the Excelsior Theatre in "The New Versatiles" who are presented by Mr George Batty. Some details have already been published concerning this company. It is claimed for it that it will present a bright and varied entertainment which will consist of juggling comedy sketches, instrumental music and last but not least the appearance of "Baby Vivianne Star" in songs and dances. The company is composed as follows:—

Lionel Coutts, banjoist and baritone.

Miss M. Batt Beatty, Xyphone and mandoline expert and comedienne.

Miss Pheobe St. Clair, described as "The versatile kid."

Mr. George Batty, comedian and juggler.

"Baby Vivianne Star."

The vaudeville entertainment will last an hour and the evening will be filled out with topical films.

THE EMPIRE.

If there is one attribute above all others which "All the World's a Stage" (to be produced this week at the Empire Theatre) promises to possess it is charm of setting. The scene is laid in France a few centuries ago, and we get some beautiful countryside studies, while the costumery, to which particular attention has been paid, is elaborate and effective. The story of the film is derived from Theophile Gautier's novel, and with Mdlle. Thea is the leading role it may be taken for granted that the acting is of a very high standard. It is a film in which the drama is pleasantly leavened with lively humour.

THE EMPRESS.

At the Empress there is one of those American society dramas now so much favoured by the film producer. It is claimed that it is an attempt to mirror the New York marriage mart in the ultra fashionable set, and is a screen adaptation of a well known novel in which Bessie Barriscale takes the leading role of a woman who made a double sacrifice. There are many elaborate settings in this film. The big scenes include the Court room interior, striking ballroom set and an ingenuously humourous school room scene. There are many beautiful dresses too. As the notorious one Miss Barriscale wears sixteen different costumes, and any number of lacy, filmy negligee and evening wraps.

GLOBE CINEMA.

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers are presenting only for one day—to-day—the powerful soul-inspiring Hindu Mythological Photo-play "Ram-janam" ("The Birth of Ram"). From to-morrow up to Friday next another Hindi Photo-drama "Narsinha Maheta" will be screened.

WEST END CINEMA.

"Don't Change Your Husband," produced by Cecil B. DeMille for Artcraft is scheduled to be shown at the West-End Cinema, this week.

Jeanie Macpherson is the author and she has woven a tale of really beautiful character, and into the warp and woof has introduced a thread of Oriental mysticism that is distinctly bizarre and at the same time effective.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 15.

The market to-day has ruled steady. There was a fairly general inquiry for coal with prices well maintained. The jute section was rather quiet, the chief business being in Howrahs. Cotton shares were firm with a tendency to higher rates at the close. In the miscellaneous section Hume Pipes were in strong demand and advanced to Rs. 11, Indo-Burmah Tin came into a good deal of attention and closed firm. The following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Baraboni 13-12, Bansjorah 17-4, Bengal Giridih 25-8, Bokaro and Ramgurh 25 and 24-8 sl, Burrakur pref 98-8, Calcedonian 9-12, Gopalichuck 9-4, Imperial 11-8, Kalapahari 16-4, Karanpura 17-10, Kosoonda 20 ex-divd, Beerbhoom 39-4, Samla Kendra 16-4, Seetarampore 19-8, Sendra 30. Samla Govindpur 11-4.

Jute:—Clive 206 sl, Craig 7-4 sl. Dalhousie 412 sl, Kinnison 945 sl, Lansdowne 320 sl, Northbrook 61, Reliance 40-12, Auckland 268.

Miscellaneous:—Assam Saw Mills 7-8, Anglo-Oriental Navigation 21-4. Agra United Mills 8-2, Bank of Bengal 1865, Bengal Brass 3, Bisra Stone and Lime deb par, British India Corporation 11-4 and 11-12 sl and def 16 and pref 103, British India Tobacco 4-8, Britannia Biscuits 7-8, Calcutta Industrial Bank 5 discount, Central Provinces Cement 7-14, Dunbar Cotton 445, G Mackenzie and Co 8-8, Howrah Sheakhala Railway 84, Howrah Amta Railway 88-8, Hatirkool Oil 10, Hume Pipe 11, Imperial Bank of India 1225, Imperial Bank contry 164 prem. Indo-Burmah Tin 7-8, Indian Iron and Steel 69, Indian Standard Wagon 73, Kesoram Cotton 16, Kumardhubi Engineering 16-12 and 17, Marshall Sons and Co 7-12, Madan Theatres 11-2 sl, Premier Soap 8-12 sl, Russa Engineering 111, Sphere Insurance 4-2, Serajganj Railway 59, Tata Industrial Bank par, Tinnevelly Textile 15-4.

Government Paper:—Three and a half per cent was quoted at Rs. 57 and small lots were done at Rs. 57-4. War Bonds short loans at 99-14, 1925 at 99-6 and 1928 at 99-8 per cent.

Exchange:—Bank Telegraphic Transfer one shilling three and five-eighth pence and Demand Bills one shilling three and eleven-sixteenth pence.

PASSENGERS PER S. S. KAISER-I-HIND

Among the passengers leaving India (for Marseilles and London, today by the P. and O. s.s. Kaiser-I-Hind, are: Sir Robert and Lady Aitken, Miss [illegible] J. Bhagvat Hon. Marion Best, H. H. the Maharani of Baroda, the Hon. Mr. S. J. Best, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] M. Curmbhoy Currimbhoy, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] the Hon. rimbhoy, the Hon. Col. J. R. Close, [illegible] and Mrs. Mr. Justice Chevis, the Hon. Mr. and [illegible] Chichgar, Major-General W. E. R. Dickson, H. L. C. Crump, Mr. N. G. Chitre, Miss [illegible] Prince Dhairyashrao of Baroda, Miss [illegible] Gaekwar, Sir R. N. and Lady Mukerji [illegible] Hon. Mr. Justice Marten, the Hon. Sir [illegible] Mullick, Sir D. M. Petit, the Hon. [illegible] Robertson, the Hon. Mr. Justice [illegible] Sir Stanley and Lady Reed, [illegible] P. C. Sethna, Major Steel, [illegible] Hon. Mr. V. S. S. Sastri, [illegible] Edmond Slade.

SRI RAMA NAVAMI.

THE SACRED DAY OF BIRTH OF SRI RAMA.

(CONTRIBUTED.)

To-day, the 16th April, will be celebrated throughout India as the birthday of one of the greatest of Avatars, or Incarnations of Vishnu, viz., of Sri Rama of Ayodhya.

Born of Dasaratha, a king of the Solar Race at Ayodhya (the Modern Oudh), Sri Rama and his faithful brother Lakshmana were taken to the hermitage of the Sage Viswamitra, from whom they learnt the art of war as well as the wisdom of the Vedas which is so essential to all the twice-born, i.e., thread-wearing classes of Hindus. The barbarous tribes known as Rakshasas and Dasyus who lived on the fringe of Aryavarta were then giving trouble to the Aryans and were destroying the sacred sacrificial fires lit by the Sage. It is noteworthy that Viswamitra at least did not share the Moderner's weak-kneed dislike of the entry of the student in current politics. For we find him removing these two little students from the fond circle of their parents and friends for the express purpose of engaging them in border *warfare*! It was in their early boyhood that these Princes were made use of by the Sage,—much against their parents' will, be it noted—in attacking, driving out and even in killing off those barbarian tribes among whose Chieftains were the famous Khara, Dushana and Trishiras.

The charming tale of Seeta—Swayamvara wherein the great Ravana first learnt the humiliation of defeat heralds the throbbing story of the great war of the Ramayana. The forcible abduction of Seeta, the peerless heroine of India, formed the *casus bellis* between a seemingly petty exiled Prince of Ayodhya against the far off and apparently invincible King of Lanka, whose kingdom was girt round by the inaccessible sea. But in the meanwhile tremendous events had occurred in Aryavarta itself. The sixth Avatar (Parasurama) who had come to destroy the Kshatriyas had been baffled and deprived of his divine halo by this succeeding Avatar—of Sri Rama!—an event, that teaches us the painful lesson that even an Avatar is not quite indispensable to this ungrateful world, or to borrow Pat's famous Irishism—the best of our men have to yield to their betters! The dispute in the harem of Dasaratha about the succession to the throne was followed by the willing exile of the dutiful Sri Rama after the pitiful and helpless protests of the old King. The eagerness of the faithful wife and of the devoted brother to share in the exile of Sri Rama shows how both these loyal souls preferred the dangers of the wilderness in the company of Him they loved, to the blandishments and joys of even a Royal Court. It was when these glorious Three were suffering the horrors of this exile that Ravana stole Seeta and Sri Rama had to seek the alliance of an ugly looking, but stalwart race whose King was Sugreeva, whose minister was Hanuman. It was with their help that the sea was bridged, Lanka invaded and burnt, Ravana and his Empire destroyed and Seeta won back. It is incidentally related how the stone-dead Ahalya rose back to life at the bare touch of the feet of Sri Rama, the Hero and God, to whom Tulsi Das and Kabir have woven and dedicated their immortal garlands of Hindi verse. Verily the faithful disciple of Viswamitra, the dutiful and obedient son of Dasaratha, the loving husband of Seeta, the devoted brother of Lakshmana, the loyal ally of Sugreeva and Hanuman, and the brave destroyer of Ravana and his Lanka is a great Hero of the Hindu Race in whom the Hindus justly take the greatest pride. On this day, millions sing His praise and extoll His virtues and noble deeds. Though His race be now in the most abject condition of helplessness, though the Hindus be now utterly unable to emulate Him in His glorious deeds and virtues, they can at least sing His praises. In the full consciousness of their National Impotence, they can at least say in the words of the Maratha Poet Tukaram—

"What though our hands be weak or slow—
(Isn't Thine the arm to strike the blow?)
Thine the glory that first displayed
O'er boundless seas a bridge well-made!
Thy very name hath strength to bless—
We crave its grace—no more, no less!
The stone-dead One, Thou couldst revive:
(Wouldst Thou bid us perish alive?)
Thou savages, apes didst drill and tame,
Turn to a phalanx known to fame!
Victors in the greatest struggle known!
Why? Because Thy grace thy own!
Who dreams of moving the Drona Hill?
Yet apes contrived it—at Thy will!
A monkey's tail did Lanka burn!
His Kingdom lost, did Ravan learn
"The mightiest are at best like d[illegible]
Against the force Thy gra[illegible]
blest!"

BOMBAY SUBU[illegible] CONGR[illegible]

The fi[illegible] so fa[illegible] Co[illegible] V[illegible]

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS

April 15.

S S Kingsmere, Warberstood Birkenhead.
S S Barjora, Grace, Busreh.
S S Katoria, Fisher, Calcutta.
S S Brandenburg, Allen, Southampton.
S S Brockfield, Presant, Hamburg.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

S S Cooyanna, Hutchard, Busreh.
S S Jersey City, Griffith, Calcutta.
S S Ferrara, Stewert, Mahomerah.
S S Clan Macindoe, Miller, Marseilles.
S S Kaiser-i-Hind, Palmer, London.
S S Mandala, Swanson, Karachi.

The following vessel began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Kura for Mahomerah.

S S Kingsmere:—The W and A Graham Co's steamer Kingsmere, 3025 tons, Captain R Worberstood, arrived in harbour yesterday from Birkenhead, with a general cargo and 15 passengers.

S S Barjora:—The B I S N Co's steamer Barjora, 1985 tons, Captain F A Grace, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, with a general cargo and 119 passengers.

S S Katoria:—The steamer Katoria, 1127 tons, Captain J Fisher, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Brandenburg:—The steamer Brandenburg, 4511 tons, Captain A M Allen, arrived in harbour yesterday from Southampton, with troops.

S S Cooyanna:—The B I S N Co's steamer Cooyanna, 2785 tons, Captain F Hutchard, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Busreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Jersey City:—The Volkart Bros' steamer Jersey City, 3936 tons, Captain Griffith, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Ferrara:—The Shaw Wallace Co's steamer Ferrara, 717 tons, Captain C W Stewert, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Mahomerah, with a general cargo and 2 passengers.

S S Brockfield:—The steamer Brockfield, 3980 tons, Captain Presant, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg, with a general cargo.

S S Clan Macindoe:—The Clan Line steamer Clan Macindoe, 2774 tons, Captain W Miller, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

S S Kaiser-i-Hind:—The P and O S N Co's steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, 5989 tons, Captain W B Palmer, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for London etc. with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Mandala:—The P and O S N Co's steamer Mandala, 5189 tons, Captain C J Swanson, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Karachi, with a general cargo and 3 passengers.

IMPORT

April 15.

S S Koweit from Aden, Agents B and P S N Co:—7 bundles fishpins, 96 bundles alkali, 4 bundles brass, 7 bundles copper, 70 cases ghee.

S S Ahmedi from Basra, Agents E I S N Co:—111 bundles wet dates, 7 bales allari, 46 bags gum, 141 bags almond, 37 bales carpet, 19 bundles skins, 16 bundles 1 tin specie, 135 bundles tobacco, 28 cases 28 bags gum trag.

S S Taisho Maru from Calcutta, Agents Yamista K Kaisha:—3660 tons coal.

S S Lightning from Basra, Agents B I S N Co:—168 bundles specie, 13 bundles 2 tins gold coin, 14 bags tobacco, 46 cases 14 bags gum trag, 23 bags pistae, 339 bags dry dates, 144 bundles salted, 2431 bales cotton.

S S Firoozi from Basra, Agents B and P S N Co:—126 cases assafoetida, 113 bales cotton, 6 cases gum, 128 bundles attari, 3 bags almond, 30 cases soap, 212 bags raisins.

EXPORT

April 15.

S S City of Karachi for Liverpool—272 bales cotton waist B Meyer and Co., 90 bales cotton fly C Chandulal and Co., 160 bales wool H S Janmohamed, 25 bales wool B Balabdas, 100 bales wool V Amersey, 100 bales cotton waste K Vishram and Co., 9500 pwt myrabollams P Mathuradas & Co.

S S Bolton Abbey for Antwerp—201 bales cotton fly C Chandulal & Co., 330 bales cotton Patel Bros.

S S Bolton Abbey for Ghent—119 bales cotton T M Kaisha.

S S Bolton Abbey for Hamburg—55 bales cotton fly B Meyer and Co., 229 bales cotton Forbes F Campbell, 55 bales cotton M Amersey, 110 bales cotton K H Kayani, 220 bales cotton T M Kaisha.

S S Bolton Abbey for Rotterdam—55 bales cotton Gosho K Kaisha.

S S Ischia for Genoa—500 tons manganese ore K M Nathoo, 100 bales woolen carpet K M Nathoo, 1000 cwt castor seed Volkart Bros, 500 tons manganese ore Poder and Sons.

S S Mashobra for London—11 bundles cotton Patel Bros, 203 cwt gum Ruttonji Jiwandas & Co., 150 cwt kishmis O Govindji and Co., 31 cp bristles J A Begbie and Co.

S S Mashobra for Antwerp—220 bales cotton Patel Bros, 220 bales cotton The Bombay Coy, 165 bales cotton F F Campbell and Co., 672 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Mashobra for Ghent—168 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Mashobra for Havre—55 bales cotton The Bombay Coy, 112 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Siam Maru for Kobe—1200 bales cotton T M Kaisha, 700 bales cotton R D Tata and Co.

S S Siam Maru for Yokohama—200 bales cotton T M Kaisha, 380 bales cotton R D [illegible] and Co.

S S Siam Maru for Yokkaichi—50[illegible] cotton T M Kaisha.

S S Siam Maru for Tientsin—25[illegible] tont G K Kaisha.

S S Bombay Maru for Ko[illegible] ton R D Tata and Co.

S S Bombay Maru for [illegible] cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Henan Maru [illegible] Ralli Bros.

S S Henan [illegible] twist David [illegible] C Boman [illegible]

S S [illegible] cotto[illegible]

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PROSPECTUS ON APPLICATION.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

(Saturday, April 16, 1921.

THE HOUR OF DANGER.

What will be the greatest crisis in the history of modern England will commence to-day with the strike of the Triple Alliance. The Triple Alliance consists of one million miners and one million railwaymen and transport workers. A joint strike of this army of workers would mean practically the paralysis of British industry and the sure step towards industrial ruin of the country. It is the gravest industrial situation that Britain has hitherto faced and yet it is largely the creation of the Government and one that could have been averted by honourable dealing on the part of the latter and display of sense of fairness on the part of the owners. If, as Reuters' representative says, the crux of the dispute remains the miners' demand for a national pool of profits, the selfishness of the owners and the reprehensible attitude of Government in supporting the latter are brought into relief.

The coalowners, we are told, contend that a national profit pool will involve continuance of Government control as the owners of the richer coalfields will not voluntarily give up the profits in order to make good the losses of the owners of the poorer mines. To this the miners make the inevitable retort that the pool is perfectly feasible without Government control, if the rich owners are willing to make sacrifices for the benefit of the poorer. Further, as they point out, not only are they themselves willing to make corresponding sacrifice, but the pooling would cure bad management because efficient districts would insist upon better management of the less efficient. The crux of the situation is, in fact, as Mr. Hartshorn, a miners' leader, said the other day: "Are profits to take precedence over wages?" The rich mine-owners are greedy for their more than ample profits and are not prepared to forego a part of them while they ask the miners to accept an intolerable sacrifice by bearing the brunt of the present depression.

Labour sees in this callous selfishness nothing but an attack upon the standard of life of the miners, which is bound to react upon the life standard of workers in other industries. Hence the solidarity behind the present "Direct Action" on the part of Labour. British workers, threatened as they are with what has been described as "a catastrophic degradation of their standard of life," have chosen the only effective weapon that is left to them. Mr. Lloyd George, instead of "concerting all necessary measures to meet the emergency," which will not prevent the inevitable ruin of industry, should immediately take the only right action that is called for—namely, temporary resumption of the control of industry. It was his great blunder—an English contemporary does not hesitate to call it a "crime"—the de-control of industry, effected during a period of abnormal depression and in breach of a solemn pledge, which precipitated the crisis. It can only be ended by Mr. Lloyd George retracing his step. The initiative now rests with him. What will he do?

THE TURKS IN PERSIA.

The "Times of India" in a leaderette upon the subject of the reported Turkish invasion of Persian Azerbaijan, remarks sarcastically that "the ardent friends of Turkey in this country do not seem to be in a hurry to explain why the Turks are thus engaged in making war upon a Mahomedan country, and those who most loudly demanded that the integrity of Turkey must be respected by the Powers are now silent about the integrity of Persia." The friends of Turkey in this country are silent on the subject because they do not know enough about the present situation in Persia to hazard an opinion, and we venture to suggest that our esteemed contemporary is in no better position to deliver judgment in this case. We are against aggression anywhere and everywhere; but it seems possible that there may be factors in the situation, unknown both to "The ...and us, which, make a Turkish ...ainst Persian Azerbaijan not ...s.

...th of Turkey and of the Azerbaijan Republic were on good terms with the Persian democrats whom the recent *coup d'etat* at Teheran by "Pe...ssacks" has crushed for the time being. Until we know the true significance of that *coup d'etat* by "Cossacks" (an abhorred word for Persian liberty) it is too soon to dogmatise upon the situation. One thing seems to have escaped the notice of our contemporary. It is that "Persian" Azerbaijan is not an integral part of Persia, as modern Europeans are accustomed to judge national integrity. Its population is by race and creed and language the same as that of the Azerbaijan Republic, not Iranian but Turanian—i.e., Turkish. There is nothing in the telegrams that we have seen to show whether the "Turkish" force alleged to be invading Persian Azerbaijan is in the service of the Government of Angora or that of Baku. "Persian" Azerbaijan is Persian to precisely the same extent that Trieste and the Trentino used to be Austrian or Turkish Azerbaijan used to be Russian.

The idea of the "redemption" of their compatriots from a Muslim yoke would never have occurred to Muslims in old days. But the wartime propaganda of the Allies—with its tone of aggressive nationality—has put ideas into the head of every struggling nation. Some of the Turks of Turkey and the Caucasus have retaliated upon Europe by saying: Well, if what you want is national solidarity, we are a nation of more than fifty million souls whose territory extends from the Mediterranean to the wall of China! The pan-Turanian movement is still weak, and still regarded as a European craze by the vast majority of Turks; but the democratic movement has acquired religious force in Turkey, Persia and the Caucasus. That movement brought the Persians and the Turks together; and we suggest that, if the recent *coup d'etat* in Persia was against democracy, if the detested name of Curzon (heir to all the hatred of the Czardom) was but whispered in connection with it, that would be quite enough to cause the Persians and especially the Persian Turks—who are the strength of the Persian revolution—to call for help to Baku or Angora. We repeat that we know nothing of the present facts; all the above is mere deduction from past facts well-known to us.

Notes of the Day.

A Lie.

The statement of Lord Winterton in the House of Commons that "the whole black population of Kenya was very strongly opposed to giving further rights to Indians" is an unmitigated falsehood. We wonder where his lordship gathered this preposterous idea. Far from being inimical to Indians, the natives of East Africa, a large proportion of whom are Mussalmans, live in the best of friendship with the Indians, whom they have known for a far longer period of time than the White settlers. From whatever point of view we consider them, they have far greater affinity with the Indians than with the Whites. To suggest that they as a class oppose the grant of franchise to Indians is to pervert the truth. It may be that, being deprived of franchise themselves, some of them are demanding representation in the Councils on a level with Indians, but this would not mean that they are opposed to the grant of franchise to Indians on principle. Moreover, by what means did his lordship ascertain that the "whole" black population was opposed to the Indian demands? How does he also propose "to consult them" when they have been rendered voiceless by the Whites? The dodge is too patent to deceive any one. It is not the "blacks" who are so violently opposed to the just demands of the Indians as the "Whites," who want to exploit the "blacks" for their own aggrandisement.

U. S. and the League.

As we fully anticipated, President Harding has now made it definitely clear that his country can have nothing to do with the League of Nations. As he observes with perfect truth, the highest purpose of the League has been defeated in linking it with the Peace Treaty—a Treaty which violates every canon of international justice and morality and which contains the seeds of future world trouble of the gravest import. Of course Mr. Harding recognised, like every other sane statesman, the need of a world tribunal or international convention that would stand in the way of catastrophes of the nature witnessed in Europe recently, but the way the Allies have set about realising this object, is not calculated, in Mr. Harding's eyes, to achieve the end in view. As regards the Peace Treaty, Mr. Harding favours a separate peace by his country with Germany, which is necessitated by the fact that it is impossible and inadvisable for the United States to continue any longer the present undefined relations with the latter country. Accordingly, a resolution is to be introduced in a day or two in Congress terminating the state of war with Germany and there is little reason to doubt that such a resolution will be carried by a majority. This independent line of action, says Mr. Harding, should not be interpreted as signifying any unwillingness on the part of his country to exact "just reparations" from Germany for her share in the crime of the war. What is Mr. Harding's own idea of these "just reparations" has not been explained and we can only await further disclosures from the other side of the Atlantic to make this point clear.

Reuter Tantalising.

A Reuter's telegram we published yesterday contains a delicately diplomatic touch. "It is understood that Britain and France have replied to America's Yap mandate note. Britain's reply is stated to be of a preliminary nature." Preliminary to what? Not war, we hope. And of what nature was France's reply?

Another Miracle.

The mystery of the Armenian race goes on increasing. In connection with the French evacuation of Cilicia, Reuter "learns from an Armenian source" that "the Armenians in Cilicia are faced with the alternative of massacre by the Turks or emigration *en masse*. They have therefor appealed to M. Briand not to withdraw the troops before an international gendarmerie is organised to keep the Turks in order. *Meanwhile*, 150,000 *Armenians have abandoned their homes* (the italics are our own.)" It will bring immense reassurance to all those who have mourned for the Armenian race as exterminated by the Turks, to know that nearly three times the Armenian population of "Cilicia" in pre-war days are in a condition to "leave their homes," and that a sufficient number still remain to seek the protection of an international gendarmerie against the natural indignation of their "exterminators" at these phenomena. We suggest that the Armenian source at which in this case Reuter filled his little cup is not a fount of candour undefiled.

Asiatic Commission's Report.

The decision of the Union Government to postpone legislation based on the South African Asiatic Commission's report must be reckoned as a victory, however temporary, for the cause of our countrymen in the Union. It is obvious that the firm tone of Sir Benjamin Robertson's statement before the Commission and the strength of the feeling among Indians both in Africa and in this country has at last induced the Colonial office to cry halt in the mad career of the South African Whites. The Union Government is now to be asked to give some weight to the views of the Government of India on the subject. It is to be hoped that the latter will not be deterred by any innate sense of "Imperial" delicacy or courtesy from giving the Union Government a piece of their mind regarding the various acts of aggression by the latter and the consequences of persistence in such a policy. The Government of India are perfectly aware of the feeling among all classes of people in this country concerning their just claim to equal citizenship everywhere in the Empire. We hope and trust the Government of India, whatever their own opinions on the merits of "compromise," will, in interpreting the sentiments of our countrymen, here and abroad, say or do nothing that would convey to the Colonials the impression that it is a bargain, and not a principle, that Indians are fighting for.

Incom-Tax Vagaries.

We publish elsewhere a letter from a correspondent who draws attention to a gross instance of inefficiency in the Department of Income-Tax Collector. Vagaries in the collection of income-tax are unfortunately not rare and they are often due to blind worship of the fetish of red-tape. But in the present case something other than red-tape is responsible for the persistence in the demand for income-tax from property sold two years ago. However that may be, the Collector evidently caught a Tartar in our correspondent.

Mural Decorations.

A writer in the "Times of India" referring to our note on the Government House mural decorations, wrote that the School of Art 'mural decorations' were not mural decorations at all, since they were painted on canvas and then pasted on to the wall. This shows how fatuous ignorance can be. It is true that the paintings under discussion do not come under what the Italians call the *fresco buono* class, which are paintings painted directly on the wall. But they are *mural decorations* all the same, because they *decorate* the walls on which they are pasted. Had they been mere realistic, easel pictures pasted on the walls, they would not have been regarded as mural decorations, for, in that case, they would have an existence and beauty independent of the wall on which they are pasted. The *fresco buono* suits the dry climate of Italy, but it does not suit the comparatively humid climate of Northern European countries. And for that reason, the fresco painters of France and other Northern countries invented the method of painting *decoratively* on canvas and then pasting the canvas on the wall. Is the writer in our morning contemporary bold enough to deny the title of mural decorations to the frescoes of Puvis de Chavennes and of other artists in the *Pantheon* in Paris?

Bombay Suburbs District Congres Committee.

It is gratifying to note that a District Congress Committee has been organised for the suburbs of Bombay. It is not a day too late The suburbs of Bombay have special problems of an intricate and complex nature of their own, more especially with regard to the Town-Planning and Development schemes. Local Self-Government in the District is a mere farce and the taxation in some of these suburbs has risen in recent years by leaps and bounds. We hope the Congress Committee, besides carrying on vigorous propaganda to push the Congress Resolution on Swaraj, will also help the residents in the solution of local problems. We trust the residents in the suburbs will join the Committee in large numbers and make it a success. We do not understand why the All-India Congress Committee has treated the new District as part of Maharashtra. It should, in our opinion be subject to the jurisdiction of the City of Bombay Provincial Committee.

"The Law of Life."

Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose was only re-stating, in his own scientific terms, the principle of what Mr. Gandhi has called Soul-force, when he declared that conflict was not the only factor in evolution and that there was also such a thing as the power of assimilation, which, by implication, also postulates resistance, albeit passive, to whatever is undesirable. Mr. Gandhi has named this principle in human evolution Satyagraha, with its concomitant of Non-Cooperation. Seeing that in life both the factors, of conflict and assimilation, are found in operation, Dr. Bose has taken care not to under-value the potency of either of them; though with regard to India he is inclined to believe that "the other method"—of non-conflict or passive resistance is "more consonant with her ancient tradition." Dr. Bose's faith in the extraordinary latent strength of his country to resist the ravages of time and the destructive forces sweeping over the earth remains unshaken and he looks forward to the time when India will be able again to stand on her own legs and make contributions to the enrichment of humanity worthy of her true self. The message of hope which this distinguished son of India conveys to his countrymen is calculated to hearten them in the struggle they are carrying on to replace India on her pedestal.

The Plight of an Orphanage.

Our readers are aware that there is at present widespread famine distress in the district of Ahmednagar. It is natural that in such circumstances the calls for relief on the local orphanages and such other benevolent institutions should be more than usually pressing. There are more than one institution in the District, conducted by Christian missions, which shelter the waifs and strays of famine areas, but there is only one orphanage, the Anathi Vidyarthi Griha in Ahmednagar, which is non-Christian. It admits as inmates orphans belonging to all classes and creeds. At present there are some 50 orphans in the institution. Applications from many more have had to be regretfully refused for want of funds and accommodation. The present monthly expenses of the orphanage amount to Rs. 600 while the receipts from donations, etc., come to an average of Rs. 300 only. Thus, there is a deficit of Rs. 300 to face every month. The orphanage receives Rs. 2 per child per month from the Bombay Presidency Famine Relief Association, but the amount is hardly sufficient to meet the requirements of the boys. When pressed to raise the grant the Association is understood to have pleaded that it was making payments at the same rate, i.e., Rs. 2 per head, to the missionary institutions also, but the authorities of the Association evidently forget that the Missions which maintain these institutions receive large contributions annually from their headquarters in America, England and so on. Moreover, the Association should look to the needs of each institution and not make indiscriminate grants. The trustees of the Anathi Vidyarthi Griha have begun to erect a new building for the orphanage and have already spent about Rs. 15,000 on it, but unfortunately the completion of the building cannot be effected without Rs. 10,000 more. As the monsoon is fast approaching, an urgent appeal for help is made by the Committee of management, which, it is to be hoped, will be promptly and generously responded to by the public and especially the Hindu public of Bombay and elsewhere.

BRITAIN'S HOUR OF DANGER.

"TWO STATESMEN OF ONE MIND."

COL. WEDGWOOD ON LORD READING'S APPOINTMENT.

NEED FOR RECONCILING TWO RACES IN INDIA.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., April 15.

In an article in the "Westminster Gazette" entitled "Light in India" Col. Wedgwood hails Lord Reading's arrival in India. He expresses the opinion that instead of one, rather lonely, Mr. Montagu trying to pilot India to safety there are now two statesmen of one mind working in complete accord. He declares that Mr. Ghandhi may be justified in saying that Non-Cooperation has served its purpose. Mr. Ghandhi would not reject peace with honour. Col. Wedgwood suggests revision of the rules and regulations in a liberal spirit.

He suggests cancellation of the Greek debt in return for the restoration to the Moslems of Thrace and Asia Minor. He urges that the chance of reconciling the two races in India who wish to be friends must immediately be explored and utilised fully.

INDIAN TROOPS ABROAD

INDIAN BATTALIONS AND REGIMENTS DISBANDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 12 noon, April 15.

Replying to Mr. Glyn Mr. Montagu stated that there were at present 36 battalions of Indian infantry and five regiments of Indian cavalry in Mesopotamia and Persia five battalions of Indian infantry and three regiments of cavalry in Palestine, while 22 battalions and seven regiments had returned to India from overseas since January 1st. Fifty-three battalions four regiments and four squadrons were being demobilised in India all temporary units raised during the war.

OIL CONCESSION TO FRANK JOHNSON IN INDIA

GOVERNMENT'S REPLY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 12 noon, April 15.

Col. Wedgwood asked whether Colonel Frank Johnson, who was said to have been censured in connection with the exercise of martial law in the Punjab had been granted oil concession in India.

Mr. Montagu replied that he had ascertained that Col. Johnson had not received concession in Baluchistan or Assam. He had not yet heard with regard to the Punjab and Burma.

RUPEE RATE OF PAY TO BRITISH OFFICERS.

SITUATION BEING REMEDIED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 12 noon, April 15.

In the House of Commons replying to Sir Frederick Hall, Mr. Montagu stated that he was about to address the Government of India with regard to the question of remedying the situation under which the rupee rate of pay for the British service officers in India was less than the home rates and that the allowances were converted at the current rate of exchange. When the views of the Government of India had been received, the question would be dealt with as expeditiously as possible.

SOUTH AFRICAN ASIATIC COMMISSION'S REPORT.

GOVT. OF INDIA'S VIEW TO BE PUT BEFORE UNION GOVT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 12 noon, April 15.

The South African Asiatic Commission' Report was mentioned in the House of Commons to-day when replying to Sir Thomas Bennett, Mr. Churchill undertook to place a copy of the summary of the recommendations in the library. He said that any views that the Government of India might express on them would be communicated to the Union Government, which had decided to postpone legislation until the next session.

STRIKE—A SETTLED ISSUE.

ALLIANCE ASKS MEMBERS TO TAKE UP CHALLENGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 14.

The tone of the Triple Alliance manifesto indicates that the strike is now a settled issue. The document rousingly calls on its members to take up the challenge which has been thrown down by organised capital in an attempt to destroy the legitimate trade-union achievements, and resents the suggestion that the movement is revolutionary. Moreover, the resumption of direct negotiations with the miners is regarded as most unlikely except in the very improbable event of the principle of the national settlement being first conceded. The Federation of General Workers, representing a million and a half workers, engaged in a hundred industries outside the Triple Alliance, is deciding to-day what attitude it shall adopt.

A SYMPATHETIC MANIFESTO.

Complications can be foreseen in the ranks of the Electrical Trade Union, many members of which are Civil servants. It is worthy of note in this connection that the Civil Service Confederation has issued a manifesto, in sympathy with the miners, and repeats the pledge given last year by the Home Secretary to the effect that Civil servants could not be called on to undertake the duties not reasonably within their contract. The manifesto enjoins members to maintain vigilant neutrality.

Morning papers pin their hopes on the efforts of moderate Labour members to discover the bridge. In the meantime, the number of Defence Force recruits has shown a marked increase. The number of Infantry battalions are now up to full strength, and others are within the sight of it.

NO PROSPECT OF NEGOTIATIONS.

ALL HOPES LOST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 14.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., April 15.

1-55 p.m.—Hope was revived this morning when it was unexpectedly learned that a Railwaymen's and Transport-workers' deputation had proceeded to the Downing Street to interview the Prime Minister, but at the conclusion of two hours' conference Mr. Thomas stated that he saw no prospect of re-opening negotiations.

TRANSPORT WORKERS AND RAILWAYMEN.

DECIDE TO STRIKE ON FRIDAY NIGHT

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
LONDON, 12-20 p.m., April 13.

Mr. J. H. Thomas has announced that the transport workers and the railwaymen have unanimously decided to declare a strike at ten o'clock on Friday night.

OTHER UNIONS TO JOIN STRIKE

SUPPORT TO TRIPLE ATTEANCE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 13, 3/55 p.m.
Recd. 11 a.m., April 15.

It is expected that the next peace move will come from the labour leaders outside the Triple Alliance. It cannot yet be ascertained how many unions will support the Triple Alliance but, Mr. Thomas in announcing the strike decision added that many other unions had applied to join the strike. It is stated that these include the Electrical Trades Union.

On the other hand, the district returns of the ballot of the Sailors and Firemen's Union up to the present show substantial majorities against the strike.

The national rally in support of the Government continues. Recruiting for the defence force has greatly increased. A committee representing the ex-service organisations in Edinburgh has passed an unanimous resolution calling upon the ex service men to asist in preserving life and property in this grave national crisis.

LOCOMOTIVE WORKS TO JOIN STRIKE.

PREMIER'S LETTER TO RAILWAY LEADERS,

(By Col. Wedgwood, M.P.)
LONDON, April 13, 10 p.m.
Recd. 11 a.m., April 15.

The Locomotive Engineemen and Firemen who have their own union, independent of the National Union of Railwaymen and whose attitude has hitherto been doubtful have decided also to strike on Friday. Mr. Lloyd George has written to the leaders of the railwaymen and the transport workers, asking for the grounds on which they have decided to inflict such a serious blow upo their fellow-countrymen.

HAS THE STRIKE BEGUN?

NO HOPE OF FURTHER NEGOTIATIONS.

OTHER UNIONS APPLY TO JOIN STRIKE.

Has the great strike begun? There is every indication that it has.

The situation is hopeless, said Mr. Thomas after a two hours' discussion between the Premier, the Workers and Mineowners.

Resumption of direct negotiations with the miners is regarded as most unlikely except in the very improbable event of the principle of the national settlement being conceded.

The Federation of General Workers, representing a million and a half workers, outside the Triple Alliance will very likely cast their lot with the miners.

STATE PROTECTION TO WORKERS.

GOVERNMENT SUPPORT IN CASE OF SETTLEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, 3-20 p.m., April 13.

The Government announce that in the event of the threatened extension of stoppage of work the Government will use the fullest power of the state to protect the workers who remain at work in any services essential to the life of the community. In any settlement which may be reached the Government will give support in securing that the position of such workers will not be prejudiced compared with their position prior to the stoppage.

THE STRIKE DECISION.

DEPLORED BY GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, 4-40 p.m., April 13.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Asquith, Mr. Lloyd George read a letter from the National Union of the Railwaymen announcing the decision of the Triple Alliance to strike at ten o'clock on Friday night. The Premier said that the Government deplored the decision. Undoubtedly the situation was very grave but he hoped that wiser counsels would prevail. Meanwhile the Government were concerting all necessary measures to meet the emergency.

IS STRIKE POLITICAL?

SUGGESTION REPUDIATED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 14.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., April 15.

5-45 p.m.—An official report of this morning's meeting at the Downing Street shows that it was held for the purpose of conveying the Railwaymen's and Transport-workers' reply to Mr. Lloyd George's inquiry on what grounds they had decided to inflict such a serious blow upon their fellow-countrymen.

Several Cabinet Ministers, Messrs. Thomas and Gosling, were present. Mr. Gosling who was the leading spokesman argued in favour of the Miners' demands for a national board and a national minimum which he claimed had already been conceded to the Transport-workers. He admitted that the coal industry was in a bad way, but mentioned that the Miners had offered to accept reduction equivalent to two shillings per day. He repudiated the suggestion that the strike was political.

Mr. Thomas followed. He said that he was contented that a reduction of the wages should be equalised over the whole of the coalfields.

A GOVT. DECISION.

Prime Minister after refuting the insinuation that the Government was leaning unfairly towards the Coal-owners said that the Government had not accepted the Mine owners' wages scale. He declared that this was vital because it was the whole issue. Mr. Lloyd George pointed out that the Government had only accepted the owners' proposals, which related to pooling while it had accepted the miners' point of view as regards the National Board for the National settlement of wages. The Prime Minister in dealing at length with the question of National Pool emphasised the Government's inability to recede from its decision and pointed out that one port did not contribue towards the wages at a poorer port. He contended that the pools had neither advantages of systems of private enterprise nor of nationalisation and declared that National Pool would mean nationalisation to point of meddling in every direction and not managing. It was a mongrel scheme which would be the worst form of nationalisation.

Mr. Lloyd George said that he had a uneasy feeling that men at the head of the Miners' Federation were not the people who were directing issues but that there were others below the surface where forces their hands by blind clamour. The P[illegible] referred to a plan which he had submitted to the House of Commons sometime previously for re-organisation of the mining industry which had been turned down without consideration. He concluded by saying that the question of the State Control of Mines must be decided politically and not by strikes.

HOPE FOR A WAY OUT.

COALOWNERS' AND MINERS' CONTENTIONS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., April 15.

Despite the decision of the Triple Alliance to strike on Friday, hope is still held out that a way out of the crisis will be found. The crux of the dispute remains the miners' demand for national pool of profits. The coalowners contend that this will involve continuance of Government control as the owners of richer coalfields will not voluntarily give up the profits in order to make good the losses of the owners of poorer mines and national pool will impair efficiency by encouraging bad management and discouraging good. The Government adopted both these arguments.

The miners' reply is that pool is perfectly feasible without Government control, if the richer owners are willing to make sacrifices for the benefit of the poorer. They declare that the miners are willing to make corresponding sacrifice and pooling would cure had management because

SUPPORT TO TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

A LABOUR RESOLUTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 14.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., April 16.

9-5 p.m.—The Conference between the Parliamentary Committee of the Trade Unions Congress, Executive of the Labour Party and the Parliamentary Labour Party passed a resolution expressing conviction of justice of the strikers' claims and pledging its support to Triple Alliance.

The resolution condemned the action of the Government especially in making military preparations which it declared was calculated to provoke disorder.

The Conference appointed a Committee of nine members, three from each body to give effect to the resolution which also appeals to all sections of the Labour movement and every citizen to stand solidly against the attack on the workers' position.

WORKER'S FEDERATIONS' SUPPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 14
Recd. 0-30 a.m., April

The General Workers' Federation cided to support Triple Alliance. Vice-President states that this necessarily mean a general stri

MINERS' APPEAL

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HOUR OF TRIAL.

KEY TO SITUATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 14.
Recd. 12 p.m., April 15.

While sands are running out it is still hoped that the way will be found to avert the greatest industrial catastrophe with which Great Britain has ever been faced. Key to the situation is now regarded as being held by the Labour Leaders outside Triple Alliance and much importance is attached in this connection to the joint meeting this evening in the House of Commons of the Parliamentary Committee of the Trades Unions Congress and Parliamentary Labour Party at which deputation of the Triple Alliance will attend. It is hoped that practical proposals for bringing Miners and Coal-owners together again will emerge from deliberations of the meeting.

It is stated in this connection that the Labour Leaders are considering a suggestion that the Government's proposals for temporary financial assistance might be combined with National Pool established without Government control.

SUPPLY OF LIGHT ASSURED

TO PLACES OF AMUSEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 14.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., April 16.

The Government has informed the Theatre proprietors that it is desirable to keep the places of amusement open and has promised to do its utmost to assure the supply of light and transport service after theatre hours.

PAY AND PENSIONS OF INDIAN ARMY OFFICERS

UNDER CONSIDERATION OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

(Associated Press.)
LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 12 noon, April 15.

In the House of Commons replying to Col. Yate Mr. Montagu stated that a decision had not been reached with regard to the additional pensions of two-hundred an one-hundred sterling yearly respectively to the officers of the Indian Army and the officers on the supernumerary list, who held high civil appointments, but a telegram detailing the views of the Government of India in this connection was being considered.

Mr. Pennefather drew attention to th fact that the pay of the officers of the India regiments returning to India from ovrseas was held up sometimes for six months and Indian incometax was being deducted from the arrears.

Mr. Montagu replied that he was makin enquiries from the Government of India.

POLICY OF REPRESSION IN BURMA.

QUESTION IN COMMONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 12 noon, April 15.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Swan, Mr. Montagu stated that h had received a telegram from the Burm Associations protesting against the policy of repression in Burm gram did not state the the protest was l

RES

MULSHI SATYAGRAHA.

TO BEGIN TO-DAY.

GOVERNOR'S INTERVENTION URGED.

(Associated Press.)
POONA, April 15.

Dr. Phatak, Secretary, Satyagraha Sahayak Mandal, Poona, has wired to the Viceroy and Governor of Bombay as follows:—

"Feeling helpless and driven to desperation by the proposed acquisition of lands in 54 villages in Mulshi Peta, Poona District, for construction of a tank by the Tata Hydro-Electric Co., the poor peasants have decided to practise Satyagraha on strictly non-violent lines from the 16th of April. We think it desirable that his Excellency should, with a view to meet the ends of justice, equity and good conscience, intercede to stop work to save the peasants from deprivation of their lands and the consequent devastation of their homes and their hearths by their submergence under water."

It is expected that about one to two thousand *mavalas* would assemble at Mulshi tomorrow in the Satyagraha camp.

NATIONAL UNION'S SYMPATHY.

The following resolutions have been passed by the Managing Committee of the Bombay National Union:—

The Bombay National Union wholeheartedly sympathises with the villagers of the Mulshi Petha, who are being unjustly deprived of their hearths and homes in the interests of certain capitalists, and wishes them success in their bold stand of Satyagraha.

The Bombay National union requests the Tata Power Company to give up the project that disinherits the cultivators of Mulshi Petha of their ancestral lands.

EXCHANGE QUESTION.

PROPOSAL TO RE-ASSEMBLE INDIAN CURRENCY COMMITTEE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, April 14.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., April 15.

A meeting of the National Bank of India was held in London to-day. Mr. Robert Williamson, Deputy Chairman, who presided over the meeting, anticipated that in view of India's adverse Trade balance, the Indian Currency Committee might be reassembled in order further to consider the exchange question and suggested that a couple of gentlemen who were interested in agriculture in East Africa should be added to the Committee with a view to fixing the basis for Rupee commer to both India and East Africa.

ATTACK ON POLICE AND MILITARY IN IRELAND

TOTAL KILLED AN
SINCE

COMPAIGN AGAINST TEMPERANCE.

ILLEGAL CONFINEMENT

ALLEGATION AGAINST A SUB-INSPECTOR.

(From a Correspondent.)

BELGAUM, April 15.

The temperance movement is steadily gaining ground in Gokak. A Sub-Inspector in league with a high liquor Excise official has, it is alleged, taken to bullying and highhandedness and unlawfully threatened to shoot if more than three men together in the public street. Yesterday, it is alleged he took temperance volunteer named Irapa home and confined him wrongfully and has severely beaten him causing serious injuries on his body perceptible even today. Immediately a complaint was taken to the local Magistrate, who refused redress. The complainant has come to Belgaum to lodge a complaint and for treatment in the Civil hospital. The public though highly excited is still controlling itself.

REPEAL OF REPRESSIVE ACTS.

DISCUSSION CUT SHORT IN LAHORE MUNICIPALITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, April 15.

A meeting of the Lahore Municipal Committee was held, yesterday, the Deputy Commissioner presiding. Before the ordinary business on the agenda was taken up, Lala Duni Chand moved the following resolution,—"That in the opinion of the Municipal Committee, Lahore, there can be no rest and contentment in India and especially in the Punjab until and unless Punjab Martial Law grievances are removed, the Khilafat question is settled to the satisfaction of Indian Mahomedans and Swarajya is established in India; that this meeting is further of opinion that immediate steps be taken to release the Martial Law and other political and religious prisoners and to repeal the Press Act, the prevention of Seditious Meetings Act and the Arms Act and that the above resolution be communicated telegraphically tomorrow, 15th April, to his Excellency Lord Reading on his arrival at Lahore."

Chaudhri Shahabuddin said that he agreed with the spirit of the resolution, but would suggest that a sub-committee be appointed to redraft the resolution. Major Ferrar, President, intervening, at this stage, said that since the resolution was not on the agenda he would before allowing any discussion take votes on the question whether the resolution should be admitted for discussion or not. On votes being taken only 6 voted in favour of the resolution, being taken up and thus the consideration of the question was dropped.

PREPARATIONS FOR HALOL CONFERENCE,

MR. GANDHI'S TOUR IN PANCHMAHAL

(From a Correspondent.)

GODHRA, April 13.

[illegible] made to [illegible]ful. The Ma-

TRIALS

[illegible]NERS

"IT DOES NOT HURT ME!"

SIR H. WADYA ON LALA LAJPAT RAI'S CHARGE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, April 15.

The Hon. Mr. Sastri, India's representative on the Imperial Conference and Vice-President of the Deccan Sabha, was entertained to dinner last night in the Sabha Rooms under the auspices of the Deccan Sabha, the Deccan Liberal Party and the Deccan Liberal Club. Sir Hormasji Wadiya, President of the Sabha, presided.

Sir Hormasji Wadiya paid a high and glowing tribute to Mr. Sastri and, referring to the recent attack of Mr. Lajpatrai on the Moderates, said:—

"But the Lalaji is not for some of us a new acquaintance. I have known him long. He has since advanced in years and experience and knowledge of the world, but he remains the same as he was then devoured by an inordinate passion to make a great noise. When I read his diatribe, I was disposed to feel as the old Scotsman felt when the partner of his life gave him an extra dose of her habitual temper—'It pleases her, but it does not hurt me.'"

Continuing, the President said Lala Lajpatrai proceeded to charge us all who are Moderates with standing between our country and freedom, "license they mean, when they cry liberty." This was Milton's reply to the Extremists of his day. We can say with equal conviction and equal truth that when Lalaji and his friends shout for Freedom they only mean anarchy and we admit the charge and are proud to admit it—that the Moderates are standing between India and anarchy.

Sir Hormasji then briefly touched on the subjects that were to come up before the Imperial Conference, among which one was to be the problem of Colonial Indians. While our Non-Cooperationist friends left them to their fate, the Moderates, said Sir Hormasji, would stand by them as they had done till now and Mr. Sastri would, he felt sure, take up their cause at the Imperial Conference. On the question of the constitutional relations of the Dominions with the Mother-country, Sir Hormasji invited Mr. Sastri to make it unmistakably clear that the Dominions must remain, as hitherto, daughters in their father's house but mistresses in their own.

He continued:—We are willing to remain under British rule with every hope and all trust in the sense of justice of the British people, but India can never submit to the Dominions claiming or being allowed any voice or part in British rule over India, so long as India had not attained complete self-Government and does not stand on a footing of equal partnership with the Dominions within the Empire and so long as the colonials entertain and enforce the spirit against India which India has so much right and reason to resent and to denounce. Otherwise the result will not be the strengthening of the Empire, but a source of weakness—and even of danger."

PHADKE'S ART EXHIBITION.

A SPLENDID SHOW.

Mr. and Mrs. Pickthall visited Mr. R. K. Phadke's art exhibition at Rambag, near C. P. Tank, Bhuleshwar, yesterday afternoon, and examined the examples of the celebrated sculptor's, the coloured wax-work figures no less than the severer marbles, with keen interest; which changed to wonder when they heard the artist was self-taught.

The exhibition will be open to the Bombay public every day for the next two months from 3 to 11 p.m. It deserves a [illegible] from all those citizens—we wish they [illegible] more numerous—who love to study or [illegible]dian art of a high order.

REDUCTION OF NAVAL ARMAMENTS.

U. S. TO NEGOTIATE WITH BRITAIN AND JAPAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11 a.m., April 15.

A Washington message states that Senator Borah to-day introduced into the Senate a resolution authorising the President to open negotiations with Britain and Japan with regard to reduction of naval construction.

PEACE RESOLUTION IN U.S. SENATE.

RIGHTS UNDER VERSAILLES TREATY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11 a.m., April 15.

Washington.—In the Senate, Senator Knox introduced the peace resolution. It contains a clause reserving American rights under the Treaty of Versailles. The resolution was referred to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

AMERICA AND THE TREATY.

QUESTION IN THE COMMONS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 14.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., April 16.

Replying to Major Cristopher Lowther in the House of Commons, Mr. Lloyd George stated that Government was in consultation with the Allies concerning the American Note with regard to Yap.

Major Lowther suggested that the attitude of the United States that America was not bound by the Treaty of Versailles nullified the whole Treaty.

Replying to a further question the Premier emphasised that it was subject for friendly discussion between the United States and the Allies. He strongly deprecated discussion in Parliament which might lead to any misunderstanding between Britain and America.

BRITAIN AND WORLD'S OIL SUPPLY

ALLEGATIONS UNFOUNDED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 14.
Recd. 12 p.m. April 15.

Reuter learns that Government is shortly making a declaration dealing with unfounded allegations which have been made in the American Senate that Britain is endeavouring to monopolize world's oil supply. Inferences in this connection are quite wrong and it is declared that Britain is not in the least interested in Mexican Eagle Company as is alleged. The company is controlled by Dutch interests which are strictly applying policy of other Dutch Companies in Mexico.

NEW JAPANESE AMBASSADOR FOR TURKEY

COMMERCIAL TREATY POSSIBLE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 13, 10 p.m.
Recd. 11 a.m., April 15.

Sadarsuchi Uchida, formerly Japanese Minister in Stockholm, has left Marseilles for Constantinople to become the first Japanese Ambassador to Turkey. It is reported that Japan intends to conclude commercial treaty with the Turkish Government.

COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT.

BILL INTRODUCED IN FRENCH CHAMBER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., April 15.

[illegible]aris message states that the Govern[illegible]s presented a bill in the Chamber [illegible] comprehensive programme of [illegible]elopment.

[illegible]STRALIA POLICY

[illegible] TO BE TOLERATED

[illegible]GRAM.)

[illegible]ON, April 14.
[illegible] April 15.

[illegible]ion in the [illegible] (Hughes' [illegible]rence of [illegible]une Mr. [illegible]declar- [illegible]inter- [illegible]hich [illegible]p-

COVERED COURT TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS.

FYZEE BROTHERS REACH SEMI-FINALS IN MEN'S DOUBLES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11 a.m., April 15.

In the fourth round of the Men's Singles at the Queen's Club. A. A. Fyzee had a walkover, his brother scratching.

In the Ladies' Singles Mrs. Peacock beat Miss Tighe 6/3, 6/1.

In the semi-final of the Men's Singles A. A. Fyzee meets W. Crawley who beat Stanley Doust 7/5, 1/6, 6/3, 8/6. The brothers Fyzee have reached the semi-finals in the Men's Doubles beating Stoddart and Goodall 6/2, 6/3, 6/3.

In the Ladies Singles, Miss Holman beat Mrs. Gracey from India 6/4, 6/2. The latter showed promising form but was clearly unaccustomed to the speed of the wooden floor. The final will be contested between Mrs. Peacock and Miss Holman.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

ARMY BEATS NAVY, 3-0.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., April 15.

In the Association Football match at Portsmouth the Army beat the Navy by three goals to nil.

DAVIS CAP TIES.

SHIMIDZU UNABLE TO REPRESENT JAPAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 13, 10 p.m.
Recd. 11 a.m., April 15.

It is understood that Shimidzu has cabled from Calcutta that he is unable to represent Japan in the Davis Cup ties this year. Further efforts are being made through the National Tennis Club of Japan to obtain permission for him to participate in Japan's debut in international tennis. Tilden, the world's champion, is of the opinion that Japan will be challengers if Shimidzu plays.

STORMY DEBATE IN GREEK CHAMBER.

PROCLAMATION OF MARTIAL LAW VOTED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., April 15.

An Athens message says that after a stormy debate the Chamber voted proclamation of martial law. M. Gounaris declared that the object was to establish censorship of the military questions only.

INCREASE IN EDUCATION ESTIMATES.

MR. FISHER'S REASONS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., April 15.

In the House of Commons introducing the education estimates of 51 million compared with 46 million last year Mr. Fisher pointed out that the number of scholars in the secondary schools had increased fifty per cent. during the last four years. He declared that Britain's educational system was now of the most liberal in the world.

HOPEFUL COTTON OUTLOOK

UNEMPLOYMENT SCHEMES TO BE ABANDONED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11 a.m., April 15.

The speeches at a meeting of the Lancashire members of Parliament to-day indicated that the outlook of the cotton trade was so hopeful that it would not be necessary to proceed with the unemployment schemes which have recently been drawn up.

SMALL-POX CASES ON BOARD THE GRACCHUS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, April 13.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., April 15.

A message from Melbourne states that three cases of small-pox have occurred among the crew of the Gracchus since the vessel's arrival from Calcutta.

CABLE ITEMS.

A New York message states that substantial reductions are announced in the Steel Corporation's products.

The new Lord Chief Justice is Sir Alfred Tristram Laurence.

VICEROY IN LAHORE.

OFFICIAL RECEPTION.

NON-CO-OSERATORS REMAIN NEUTRAL.

(From our own Correspondent.)

LAHORE April 15.

Earl Reading arrived here this morning and was accorded official reception at the railway station. Roads through which the Viceroy passed between the Station and Government House were but poorly decorated. In front of the Nedous Hotel some mottos of co-operationist nature were displayed among which was the following one. "Co-operation is everything for uplifting India" At the station, attendance was very thin, being confined mainly to principal officials that ubiquitous fraternity of jihuzurs and a microscopic minority of Co-operationists.

On the city of Lahore, conrary to past experience the Viceroy's visit has fallen absolutely flat. No address of welcome was presented by the Lahore Municipality which in this respect has faithfully represented feelings of the rate-payers. The Punjab Provincial Congress Committee issued a manifesto in which citizens were reminded of Mahatma Gandhi's advice to the citizens of Bombay not to observe "hartal" or make any hostile demonstration against the new Viceroy, as they had no quarrel with individuals. the citizens were however asked to adhere loyally to the terms of the Congress resolution urging the people not to take part in official functions or officially-organised processions. The conduct of the citizens of Lahore was really superb. There was no "hartal" and the Viceroy's visit did not make even a least stid in their lives barring Victoria Square. Even the European business quarters wore an ordinary expression and it is, difficult to say whether the majority of Europeans resent the Viceroy's mission to Lahore or how far they are indifferent to it. Indians, as a whole, have remained unaffected by the visit. The Viceroy is a guest of His Excellency the Governor and will be staying at Government Houes to-day and to-morrow.

The Punjab Chief's Association will be "at home" to the Viceroy on Shalamar grounds.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

His Excellency the Viceroy arrived at Lahore this morning at 8 a.m. and was met at the Lahore Railway station by His Excellency the Governor and the Staff and the General Officer Commanding Lahore District, Commander of Lahore Division, Chief Secretary to the Government, Punjab, Agent of the North Western Railway and the Deputy Commissioner, Lahore.

A guard of honour of the North Western Railway Regiment with band was drawn up on the platform. As His Excellency alighted from his carriage the North Western Railway Regiment presented arms and the band struck up the national Anthem. A royal salute of 31 guns was fired from the fort. After being interoduced by the Governor to the gentlemen present, the Viceroy inspected the Guard-of-Honour and then proceeded to the station entrance. A Guard of Honour of the 103rd Maratha Light Infantry was drawn up in the station yard opposite the main entrance who received the Viceroy with a royal salute as he reached the entrance.

INSPECTION OF GUARD-OF-HONOUR.

After inspecting the guard of honour His Excellency proceeded by a motor-car to the Government House via Empress Road, Egerton Road, and the Mall. The route through which His Excellency passed was lined with troops and decorated with flags and buntings. At places crowds had gathered to have a look at the new Viceroy and they cheered His Excellency as his car passed.

His Excellency reached the Government House at about half past eight where Judgets of the High Court, leading civil and military officers and members of the Executive Council, and Ministers and others were waiting to meet the Viceroy. Guards of Honour of the Lancashire Fusiliers and the Punjab volunteers Rifles with bands were drawn up on both sides of the western entrance of the Government House who presented arms as His Excellency alighted from his motor car and the band played the national anthem.

After inspecting the guards of honour His Excellency was introduced to the Chief Justice, Members of the Executive Council, and the Ministers of the Punjab Government. President of the Punjab Legislative Council, Judges of the High Court, Bishop of Lahore, Punjab representatives of the Council of State resident in Lahore, Financial Commissioner of the Punjab, the Punjab representatives of the Legislative Assembly, resident in Lahore, Secretaries to the Punjab Government, General Officer Commanding Lahore Brigade, provincial durbaris resident in Lahore, and some other civil and military officers. Members of the Punjab Legislative Council ad Municipal Commissioners of Lahore were also introduced to the Viceroy.

His Excellency who looked quite fresh and cheerful shook hands with all the gentlemen who were introduced and waved his hat several times before he took his leave.

A GARDEN PARTY.

Members of the Punjab Chiefs' Association are giving a garden party this evening at Shalamar Gardens to meet His Excellency the Viceroy.

ACUTE FAMINE IN VAJRA.

CONDITION OF INHABITANTS MOST

GOVERNMENT COMPLETELY APATHETIC.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BROACH, April 14.

Information received from Vajra shows the existence of an acute famine. There has been a complete failure of crops, and the condition of the inhabitants is most pitiable; while the Government is completely apathetic.

NANKANA TRIALS POSTPONED

APPROPRIATENESS OF CHARGE OF DACOITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, April 14.

Owing to the continued illness of Mr. Parsons, the trying Magistrate, the Nankana Case has been further adjourned to the 18th. instant.

The following Press Communique is issued:—

Statements have been made that in the recent arrests in connection with the occupation of Gurdwaras, the Government officers had unfairly conducted the arrests as though they were for dacoity, in order to prevent the accused from obtaining bail. Of the nine cases of this character which are under trial at Lahore, six are cases in which dacoity is the charge and in four of these the offence charged is properly classed as dacoity, as it is alleged that moveable property was caried off. In two other cases where no such property was removed, the appropriateness of the charge of dacoity though arguable is open to possible doubt and the prosecution has been instructed not to press the charge of dacoity before the Court.

ALL INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, April 15.

The disturbance has given local rain and snow in Kashmir and is passing away. There has been general rain in Mysore and Madras and Deccan, and local rain in Assam, Konkan and Bombay Deccan with a few falls in North Burma, Bengal, South Hyderabad, Malabar, and South-East Madras.

The chief amounts are:—Jessore, Mymensingh one inch; Raichur a quarter; Bangalore two; Mysore five; Kurnool, Kodaikanal three-quarters; Nellore a half.

Forecast:—Some extension in Hyderabad and decrease in Kashmir.

VICTIM TO SINN FEINISM.

SIR A. VICARS SHOT DEAD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 14.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., April 15.

Sir Arthur Vicars was shot dead this morning in his residence Kilmorna House, Listowel, Ireland, which was subsequently totally destroyed by fire.

The late Sir Arthur Edward Vicars Kt., K.C.V.O., F.S.A., was the Hon. Secretary of the Kildare Archaeological Society since its foundation in 1891. Besides heraldry and genealogy, he was generally interested in matters of Art, Archaeology, Ex-Libris, old plate etc. He had published "Index to the Prerogative Wills of Ireland (1536-1810)" besides papers in several archaeological serials.

Official & Personal.

The Hon. Mr. H. S. Lawrence, C.S.I., I.C.S., has been appointed by His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, to be a Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay in succession to the Hon. Sir George Curtis, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., whose term of office expires on the 17th April, 1921.

Mr. Gandhi, Ali Brothers, Mr. Das and Lala Lajpat Rai are expected to visit Allahabad in the beginning of the next month, when the proposed District Conference will also be held.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.
THE
Royal Yakuti.

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities not only by our Rajas, Maharajas, Nawabs and many of the nobility, aristocracy and gentry in this Country; but it is greatly patronized by people in all countries of Europe, America, Asia and Africa. It is needless to expaniate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We recommend it especially to those persons who desire to tone the nervous system, to streagthen the body, refresh the memory, and to guard against debility. Suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the Ayurvedic medicines. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It replaces lost power and rejuvenates the emaciated and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires. It is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills, Rupees ten only. Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM.—RAJKOT—(Kathiawar) India.

KEEP YOUR EYE!

[illegible] eye trouble, Cataract, Glaucoma, Iritis, Corneal Ulcer, Redness, etc., by our 'Lotus Honey Safe remedy of nature. 1 dram Re. 1-8, 2 dram Re. 4. Postage Extra. Ask for Free particulars to:

NEW FORMULA CO.,
Kandi, Bengal.
(Dept Eye.)

ORISSA AND ANDHRA.

(BY M. K. GANDHI.)

It was my very first visit to Orissa and, save for Bezwada and Nellore in 1916, to Andhra also. I would like to put on record some of the ineffaceable scenes and memories of these provinces. It was a crowded programme and I can only rapidly go through the most important stations.

I was prepared to see skeletons in Orissa but not to the extent I did. I had seen terrible pictures but the reality was too terrible. What can be the meaning of Swaraj to these men, women, and children, who were merely skin and bone and who lined a road in holy Puri on that memorable 26th day of March? They were not one or two, but many, and yet they were not all. They were the abiest of the starving—those who were able to walk fairly long distances. They had come to see one who had sent them rice and from whom they expected more. They cried, and they said in pathetic tones, 'we want food.' Some said 'when will the prices be reduced?' I understood that the meaning of Swaraj to many was cheap food and clothing,—the latter not so much. A rag sufficed to cover their lower limbs. But food they must have.

I went to this scene from a big bungalow where I was accommodated in the midst of plenty. I passed and repassed the huge temple that houses the Lord of the Universe. I met on the way well-fed Mahants and Pandas and hundreds of pilgrims who could afford to spend a few hundred rupees.

The incongruity was great, and my grief all the greater and more pointed.

They took me to an Anathalaya—a home for orphans. It was established by a humane superintendent of police. I saw there well-looking boys and girls—some spinning and some mat-making. Why could not all the fleshless ones do likewise? They need not then live on begging, the house-leavings, or a handful of rice. They could earn their own living if only they could spin. But who would give them the wheels? Straight came the answer, 'The Congress of course.' The Congress could teach them to gain Swaraj through spinning. There is no other occupation that millions can take up, not even mat-making. For millions of mats will not sell. Yarn is the only commodity next to eatables that would have a ready market. I met the Congress leaders. I recited the story to them. Some of them were witnesses with me of the scenes I have described. They agreed that the Congress funds must be utilised chiefly for the spread of the spinning wheel. And the money, they could easily get from the Mahants and the pilgrims. The Congress Committee even in poor Orissa could thus be self-supporting and could bring Swaraj nearer by filling the hungry mouths.

They have workers too. Pundit Gopbandhu, an ex-M.L.C., an ex-pleader, and many other things besides, is a selfless leader. He and his band, they tell me, live on rice and dhall. They rarely get ghee nowadays. After Non-cooperation, the workers have reduced themselves to the lowest honorarium, even as little as ten rupees per month.

No wonder if I believe that with such earnest men Swaraj is possible of attainment during the year.

Pundit Gophandhu has an open-air school at Sakhigopal twelve miles this side of Puri. It is a grove-school. It is worthy of visit. I passed a most delightful day in the midst of the boys and their teachers. It is a serious experiment in open-air teaching. Some of the boys are powerful athletes.

Orissa has a good grievance. As the able author of the book called the Ooriya movement says, Orissa has been vivisected for political purposes. Part belongs to Bengal, part to Bihar, part to the Central Provinces, and part to Andhra. Nothing belongs to Orissa itself. The Congress has recognised the Ooriya speaking people as one province. Bihar, Bengal, Central Provinces have no quarrel. But the Andhras dispute the Ooriyan claim to Behrampur. I have ventured to suggest some simple rules for their guidance. One golden rule of universal application that we must learn from our present struggle is that the stronger must yield to the weaker. In case of doubt the weaker must have the verdict.

I must close the Orissa impressions with the vivid memory of the thousands of poor people who came to a public meeting at Sakhigopal and emptied their knots of pies and *paisas*. They were like the widow's mite, charged with the most fruitful blessings. My faith grew stronger to see those thousands urging one another to par.

Andhradesha is unlike Utkal. It is full of vigour. I could see no fleshless bones there. The people are strong, powerful, insistent, generous, and loving. They have faith in the future of their own province and India. Men as well as women have plenty of gold ornaments. It is fatal to show those ornaments to me. I made no secret of the fact that I wanted them for the memory of Tilak Maharaj and for Swaraj. They gave gladly, both men and women. They gave in six days nearly Rs. 50,000 with promises of much more. If they wished, the Andhra people could find perhaps the crore from their ornament.

I told the Andhra people that in frankness, nobility of bearing, and freedom of movement, combined with modesty, their women reminded me of the women of Maharashtra. That is a great compliment. I abide by the opinion. Annapurna Devi, a girl of Ellore recently married and educated in Calcutta gave practically the whole of her ornaments save those which were the sign of her wedded life. She was dressed from top to toe in khadder. The generosity of the men and women of Andhra was catching.

The Punjabi sisters must give the place to the Andhra sisters in fine spinning. I thought there were no more lovable spinners than the Punjabi women. But the Andhra women spin 100 counts. They clean and card their own cotton. I have brought with me some specimen of fine woven yarn which would beat any from Japan, France, or Lancashire. The art was about to die when the Swadeshi movement came to the rescue. Some of these ladies were good enough at Masulipatam to give me a demonstration of their powers. It was a soul-stirring sight in that leaf-cottage. They cleaned and carded and spun. For me the wheel gave the music of the spheres.

I must however descend from the soul-stirring to the soul-killing discoveries. At Coconada, just after the great public meeting, on my return to the bungalow at about 9 p.m. I had a visit from some women and girls. The light was very dim as I entered. There was something uncanny about their movements and their looks. Somehow or other the usual greeting "Do you spin? What will you give me for the Tilak Swaraj Fund?" would not come to my lips. On the contrary, I asked my host who the ladies were. He did not know. He inquired, and after some hesitation the answer came, "We are dancing girls." I felt like sinking into the bowels of the earth. My host soothed me by saying that there was a ceremony attached to the commencement of life. It made matters worse for me. It gave the damnable thing an air of respectability. I cross-examined. They said in the politest tones they had come to have *darshan*. "Will they take up some other occupation?" "Yes, if it gives us our livelihood." I had not the heart to close with them there and then. I felt ashamed of my sex. I spoke straight the next morning at Rajmundry, the next halting place. It was the one most painful experience in Andhra. I suppose the sin is common enough in one shape or another in the rest of India. All I can say is that, if we will have Swaraj through self-purification, we may not make women a prey to our lust. The law of the protection of the weak applies here with peculiar force. To me the meaning of cow-protection includes the protection of the chastity of our women. We will not have a regenerate India, unless we learn to respect our women as we respect our mothers, sisters, and daughters. Let us cleanse ourselves of the sins that kill the man in us and make us brute.

To turn to pleasanter things again. My visit to Masulipatam brought tears of joy to my eyes. It was my day of silence. I had asked Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaiya to procure freedom from all noise and demonstration when I entered Masulipatam. The people had, therefore, been warned beforehand. It was early morning when we motored in. People lined the decorated streets, but not a sound was heard. All were noiselessly standing in their places. And as I entered the portals of the national college, no sound, save that of a beautiful hymn struck upon a violin accompanied by a flute, greeted me. I appreciated the gentle love, and I realised the capacity of the people for discipline, and their quick response to varying demands on their patriotic spirit. I praised God for his abundant mercy with tears of joy.

I was taken to a real *parnakuti*, a leaf-cottage. And whilst I was congratulating the teachers and managers on the method, art, and industry, they showed in their appointment, I could not help remarking that their activity was not completely national until every one of the students and the teachers devoted practically the whole of their time and attention to spinning and weaving and making of their institution a spinning and weaving institute *par excellence*. Whilst I was developing my theme, Mr. Krishnarao, who was listening to me all the time and rarely partaking in the discussion, with a spiritual sparkle in his eyes said: "Then you consider spinning to be a sacramental rite." 'I do,' said I. 'Thank you for the expression. I shall henceforth make use of it.' Spinning is a visible, sacred symbol of national purity, strength, and prosperity. It is a duty enjoined upon all, whether Hindu or Moslem, Christian, Jew, or Parsi. The Andhra National College is an old institution of which the Andhras have every reason to be proud. It is an institution which is a product of the Bengal awakening of 1907 and has

(Continued in column 6.)

NANKHANA SAHEB TRAGEDY.

DIVIDE AND RULE POLICY---ROOT CAUSE.

INDICTMENT OF OFFICIALS.

PROPOSED GURDWARA BILL--AN UNPOPULAR MEASURE.

(By our Special Commissioner.)

LAHORE, April 13.

From the close study of facts of the Nankana case it appears that witnesses other than officials are either most drawn from the party of the accused Mahant or are against Akalis. The latter have taken no direct interest in the proceedings before the Committing Magistrate as they seem to regard the whole thing in the nature of a whitewash. under the circumstances the proceedings must naturally be unsatisfactory The witnesses already examined have retracted from their statements made before the police and have been declared hostile by the prosecution. One of these is a village patwari, another Gurudwara Pujari and a third a shopkeeper and the reason alleged by them for doing so is that they gave their former statements either through fear or under pressure from the police. Sirdar Mehtab Singh, Public Prosecutor, who I am told, is an Akali Sikh is said to have tendered his resignation. At any rate he is not appearing in the case, and it is sufficiently significant by itself.

FOUR CORNERED CONTEST.

As a result of an unexpected break in the sittings of the Court I have had time to interview prominent leaders, including representatives of the Akalis and the conclusion, that I draw is that the situation is more complicated than appears on the surface. It is a downright four cornered contest that is going on and the four distinct factors are the Akalis, Non-Akali Sikhs, Hindus and officialdom. Each factor appears to be pulling its own way and the question of conciliation the need for which is very urgent, is not one of easy solution. The policy of the Government, both before and after, has been far from being consistent and there is no doubt that they on their side have badly bungled this sorry business.

PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

Their proposed Gurudwara legislation has not satisfied any section and has thrown a fresh bone of contention in the midst of prevailing confusion. One well informed critic of the measure told me that it was a most incompetent measure of legislation essayed by Government. He went so far as to describe the definition of gurudwaras and shrines, incorporated in the bill, verily as stupid and bereft of meaning.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS.

The proposed board of Commissioners was, we believed, only comparable to the succession of the King Log by King Stork, and neither, the Akalis nor any other sections would have anything to do with such a board Feeling here is that the proposed board is only a first step in officialising the management of gurudwaras and shrines, which is obnoxious both to the Akalis and Non-Akalis.

The Sikh bodies have practically unanimously condemned the attitude of the Sikh members of the Legislative Council in the strongest possible terms and repudiated their claim to represent the Sikhs. Government persistence with the Bill is not, therefore, likely to do any good to anybody, even the Hindus included, who are all apposed to the idea of playing into the hands of officials in matters affecting religion and conscience. The Government's position at present seems on a par with that of an engineer hoist with his own petard.

It is needless to recall how thirty or thirty five years ago Government directly and indirectly encouraged the growth of the Sikh party distinctly secessionist in tendency from the Hindus. Time was when the Sikhs were satisfied with a few political favours of officers here; titles there and so on. If some of them were tools of bureaucracy, others were too shrewd to overlook alluring prospects of official preferment of sinecures, titles and land grants which they, as a small separate communal entity, could claim and readily obtain. Officials encouraged them in this mental attitude and not long ago the Punjab Government pursued methods which are generally associated with Sir Bamfylde Fuller in Eastern Bengal after the partition.

YOUNGER GENERATION OF AKALIS.

Change, however, came with the emergence of younger generation of Akalis, representing a new line of thought and freshly awakened political consciousness, who, while not indifferent to the allurements of official patronage and favoured treatment, were not altogether devoid of patriotic motives and nobler inspirations. Circumstances have tended to draw out the best in them, of course, I hope, permanently their sordid instincts. It marked a new phase similar to the Arya young Samaj movement in Hinduism. These young Akalis were not anti-Hindu. They were great purists and reform of the Sikh religion was keynote of their propaganda. At times clever officials successed in exploiting the new religious factor for political ends. Sikhs were set up against Hindus and vice versa and when the prospect of success seemed the greatest, their tactics failed.

The direct outcome of that failure is the present imbroglio which even the Government do not seem to know how to get over. The Gurudwara Bill offers no solution. It represents so much wasted effort and opportunity.

DIVIDE AND RULE POLICY.

One thing, however, which is less frequently recognized, has been the mischief wrought by the indefensible policy of Government in the past whose maxim apparently was "divide and rule" Government must have looked for strength in such a policy as best calculated to check the aspirations of the Hindus and also keep them down, while the Sikhs might be placated with favours. Here again the Government have failed and the net result appears to be that the Sikh purists felt encouraged by Government's partiality openly shown to them and their leaders.

Elevation of Sirdar Sundar Singh Majithia to the Executive Councillorship was much of the same piece of faulty strategy. He was President of the Chief Gurudwara Committee until his promotion to the high office. After that many things have happened which steadily alienated the Sikhs as community from Government. They, as an organised body, vowed Non-Cooperation with Government.

Side by side with it their reforming zeal grew and it seems to have been generally felt that gross abuses prevailing in the management of Gurudwaras and shrines were no longer consistent with the spirit of the age. Movement was long afoot to put an end to such abuses and prior to Nankana Sahib tragedy the Akalis had already taken over possession of several gurudwaras and shrines. Government seem to have looked on complaisantly over the development and belief is generally entertained that Government woul have continued to condone it had not thi Nankana spectre intervened.

It has been alleged in more than one quarter that certain reactionary officials encouraged reprisals, but for which nothing serious might have happened. Against some officials particularly serious allegations of commission or omission or both have been made, and it remains to be seen whether the proceedings in Court will bring out these allegations and whether they will be proved or disproved.

Terms of reference to the non-official committee of inquiry appointed by the Lahore Sikh League include *inter alia* determination of responsibility, if any of Government or its officials for events that culminated in the tragedy.

FALSE ASSERTIONS BY INTERESTED PARTIES.

Rumours is busy and palpably false assertions are being made by interested or ignorant parties, the result of which, unless effectively contradicted must necessarily be to strain the relations between the Sikhs and the Hindus. There is an impression that Government would only be too pleased with such a result, as it might mean retarding the growth of Non-Co-operation movement. Such an impression may be right or wrong and, if, gurudwara legislation is to be regarded as flat contradiction of any such belief, Government have so far dismally failed to restore confidence among the people.

Some Hindus seem to be much affected by the rumoured desecration of idols, images and samadhs and the vicarious declaration that Akali movement is anti-Hindu. Some leaders of Hindu opinion, who visited Nankana Sahib soon after the tragedy, hold that there has been no such desecration an where some samadhs were tampered with, circumstances rendered such acts open to suspicion and pointed out to the responsibility in quarters other than those of Akalis. Otherwise there is nothing definitely anti-Hindu. I am told that interested parties are striving to exploit wild rumours and seemingly anti-Hindu acts or tendencies to prevent closer entente between th Hindus and the Sikhs. Herein lies a grea danger to the national movement and th movement bigotry or prejudice is allowe to gain ground disruption is inevitable.

The duty of the Punjabees at this moment is clearly to restrain from pursuing course which is directly opposed to their own commonweal, and fortunately the generous desire is apparent on all hands to overcome the differences by means of the give and take policy and it would not be too much hope that even most bigoted among the Akalis will soon be ready to listen to th voice of prudence and reason. O part of the Hindus equally rests the respon sibility. They must see that little foibles are not magnified but that the path of re conciliation is rendered smooth.

10 MORE CASES.

(By Our Special Correspondent.)

LAHORE, April 14.

Owing to the continued indisposition of the trying Magistrate, the Nankana Sahib case has again been postponed till Monday next.

OTHER CASES.

In connection with the Akali movement there are about ten other cases all of which are on the file of Mr. Keough, Additional Magistrate, Lahore. In the two cases, known as Kiara Sahib and Bal Lila, the

THE NATIONAL FLAG

(BY M. K. GANDHI.)

A flag is a necessity for all nations. Millions have died for it. It is no doubt a kind of idolatry which it would be a sin to destroy. For a flag represents an ideal. The unfurling of the Union Jack evokes in the English breast sentiments whose strength it is difficult to measure. The Stars and Stripes mean a world to the Americans. The Star and the Crescent will call forth the best bravery in Islam.

It will be necessary for us Indians—Hindus, Mahomedans, Christians, Jews, Parsis, and all others to whom India is their home—to recognise a common flag to live and to die for.

Mr. P. Venkayya of the National College Masulipatam has for some years placed before the public a suggestive booklet describing the flags of the other nations and offering designs for an Indian National Flag. But, whilst I have always admired the persistent zeal with which Mr. Vankayya has prosecuted the cause of a national flag at every session of the Congress for the past four years, he was never able to enthuse me; and in his designs I saw nothing to stir the nation to its depths. It was reserved for a Punjabee to make a suggestion that at once arrested attention. It was Lala Hansraj of Jullunder who in discussing the possibilities of the spinning wheel, suggested that it should find a place on our Swaraj Flag. I could not help admiring the originality of the suggestion. At Bezwada I asked Mr. Venkayya to give me a design containing a spinning wheel on a red (Hindu colour) and green (Muslim colour) background. His enthusiastic spirit enabled me to possess a flag in three hours. It was just a little late for presentation to the All-India Congress Committee. I am glad it was so. On maturer consideration, I saw that the back ground should represent the other religions also. Hindu-Muslim unity is not an exclusive term, it is an inclusive term, symbolic of the unity of all faiths domiciled in India. If Hindus and Muslims can tolerate each other, they are together bound to tolerate all other faiths. The unity is not a menace to the other faiths represented in India or to the world. So I suggest that the background should be white and green and red. The white portion is intended to represent all other faiths. The [illegible] the Islamic colour

[redacted]

(Continued from column 2.)

[illegible] to press [illegible]393, (committing [illegible] weapons) and, at his [illegible] Magistrate cancelled that [illegible] against the accused, who are eleven in number, including Kartar Singh and Mool Singh, implicated in the Manakwalla case also. The offences under other sections with which the accused are charged being bailable, the Magistrate ordered their release on furnishing bail bonds of a thousand rupees and two sureties for a like sum. Similar orders were passed in the Bal Lila case also, the Public Prosecutor having withdrawn a charge under Section 395.

SEQUEL TO SADHURAN DHARAMSHALA CASE.

In what is known as Sadhuram Dharamshala case, there are fourteen accused who are charged under Section 448 and other minor sections of the Penal Code and Section 145, Criminal Procedure Code. The Magistrate postponed orders in this case till the 16th instant. As a sequel to some of these cases some eight persons were charged with committing nuisance in that their behaviour was unruly in Court premises and being in possession of *kirpans* contrary to orders. Evidently, the action taken against these men has scared away several spectators, who, in spite of all inconveniences, used to attend the Court in early stages. Now few outsiders attend these, being mostly relations of several accused. Outside the Court male and female members of the accused's families congregate on the open lawn in front of the Borstal institution, the Court itself being held in the wing of the institution. Accused do not seem to be depressed and generally shout their war cries before entering the Court. All accused are brought handcuffed into the Court and clinking of the chains is almost a regular feature of the day's work.

To-morrow is a public holiday on account of the Viceroy's visit, and there will be no sitting of the Court.

The Calcutta Share Market remained closed on April 14th. Exchange Bank Telegraphic Transfer was one shilling three and eleven sixteenth pence. Demand Bills one shilling three and threefourth pence. Imperial Bank of India rate for demand loans remains unchanged, being 6 per cent.

The following steamers have arrived at Karachi on April 14th.

S.S. Lhasa from Bombay with local cargo and passengers. S.S. Sun Bank from Durban with coal. S.S. Angban from Rangoon with general cargo.

The following steamers have left Karachi:—

S.S. Saraswati for Bombay with general cargo, S.S. Chakla for Busra with troops, S.S. Brockfield for Bombay with general cargo

last, the idea being that the strongest should act as a shield to the weakest. The white colour moreover represents purity and peace. Our national flag must mean that or nothing. And to represent the equality of the least of us with the best, an equal part is assigned to all the three colours in the design.

But India as a nation can live and die only for the spinning wheel. Every woman will tell the curious that with the disappearance of the spinning wheel, vanished India's happiness and prosperity. The womanhood and the masses of India have been awakened as never before at the call of the spinning wheel. The masses recognise in it the giver of life. The women regard it as the protector of their chastity. Every widow I have met has recognised in the wheel a dear forgotten friend. Its restoration alone can fill the millions of hungry mouths. No industrial development schemes can solve the problem of the growing poverty of the peasantry of India covering a vast surface 1900 miles long and 1500 broad. India is not a small island, it is a big continent which cannot be converted like England into an industrial country. And we must resolutely set our face against any scheme of exploitation of the world. Our only hope must centre upon utilising the wasted hours of the nation for adding to the wealth of the country, by converting cotton into cloth in our cottages. The spinning wheel is, therefore, as much a neccssity of Indian life as air and water.

Moreover, the Muslims swear by it just as much as the Hindus. As a matter of fact, the former are taking to it more readily than the Hindus. For the Muslim woman is *purdanashin* and she can now add a few *paisas* to the poor resources that her husband brings to the family. The spinning wheel, therefore, is the most natural, as it is the most important, common factor of national life. Through it we inform the whole world that we are determined, so far as our food and clothing are concerned, to be totally independent of the rest of it. Those who believe with me will make haste to introduce the spinning wheel in their home and possess a national flag of the design suggested by me.

It follows that the flag must be made of *khaddar*, for it is through coarse cloth alone that we can make India independent of foreign markets for her cloth. I would advise all religious organisations, if they agree with my argument, to weave into their religious flags, as for instance the Khalsa a miniature National Flag in the upper [illegible] hand corner. The regulation of the [illegible] would retain the drawing [illegible] "Young India."

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weathered many a storm. I hope that it will emerge from the present awakening a purer and stronger body. It certainly possesses all the material for becoming a centre, radiating the purest activity in keeping with the present spirit.

Andhradesha contains a fiery reformer and a warm champion of the suppressed classes. Mr. Ramchandrarao is a Brahmin whose pure soul will not tolerate the curse of untouchability. He has been slaving on behalf of his clients. He is rightly impatient to remove the serfdom of his *pariah* brother and would gladly advise him to non-cooperate with the other Hindus. Equally ardent as I claim to be on behalf of our suppressed brothers, I warned him against launching out on Non-Cooperation until a pure and selfless soul rose in their midst; for Non-Cooperation was a movement of self-purification, self-help, self-reliance, it compelled co-operation of the right type.

The Andhras have captivated me. Bihar has long been my favourite. I came to have faith in Bihar long before Non-Co-operation was born, Andhradesha may come a good second, if it does not beat Bihar. Andhradesha has a self-effacing leader. It has hardy staunch workers. It has resources, it has poetry, it has fame, it has the spirit of sacrifice. It has many national schools, it has given many lawyers to the cause, it has the greatest possibilities in handspinning and hand-weaving, and grows fine cotton. It has two mighty rivers watering the hinterland. It has parts which were at one time famous. It easily takes the lead, or at least disputes it with Bihar. My conviction remains that even if the so-called major provinces fall, in the event of terrorism (as distinguished from repression) commencing, Bihar and Andhra will save the situation by outdoing the Sikhs in the bravery of the soul i.e., suffering. I may be wrong in my estimate. Let us all strive to outdo the rest. It is a race in which competition is not only a virtue, it is a duty.

Of an experiment in Civil Disobedience forced on two beautiful villages and their leader, I must write on another occasion. I must also deal another time with the Hindu-Muslim problem of Nellore. I must close these impressions by noting with gratefulness the fact that in a neighbouring village near a spinning and weaving Ashram conducted by Mr. Hanamantrao and his associates, the Brahmin villagers invited me to walk through their village although I was accompanied by *Panchama* associates. It was a village whose Brahmin street had never before had *Panchamas* walking through it.—"Young India."

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD

QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 15th April, 1921

Fully Good Broach	April-May	250
" " "	July-Augt.	276
Fully Good Bengal	May	200
" " "	July	212
Fine Oomra's	May	226
" "	July	243

SPOT QUOTATION.

Bombay, 15th April, 1921

Description.	Super-Fine	F	Good	Good
	fine	215	200	185
M.G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	215	200	185	
M.G. Oomra No. 4	240	230	215	–
M.G. Central P No. 1	280	270	255	–
M.G. Central P No. 2	262	252	237	–
M.G. Broach	–	260	250	235
" Punjab American	300	285	270	–

PIECE-GOODS.

The cloth market has been firm and steady during the past week. Rupee rates have hardly shewn any alteration. The demand, though on a small scale, has been encouraging, and some purchases have also been made for Karachi. Fair lots of various goods have moved off for consumption. The sellers have been experiencing some difficulty with regard to finance, as their capital, is being gradually wiped off in the difference they have to bear as loss, between the selling value and the cost they have to pay to the importing firms when taking delivery of the goods. The dealers have to pay just as much from their own pockets as the amount realised by them in the transactions, which is a heavy drain on their resources. The buyers have been purchasing in accordance with their requirements, but full confidence in the present level of values has not been established.

Grey shirtings of Manchester make have not been in request at present and Drills and Jaconets have also not attracted much attention, and rates of these have therefore remained stationary. Local mill cloths have moved off in small lots at the cheaper rates. Japanese cloths have been quoted at lower prices, but without finding buyers.

The white goods, the chief attraction has been White mulls of all sorts, which have remained firm, owing to stocks being light in the hands of the dealers in the bazaar. There is a scarcity of fine quality White Shirtings worth from Rs. 25 to Rs. 35 per piece. Lower grades of Nainsooks of the value of Rs. 3-8 to Rs. 7-8 per piece are in ample supply, and as the demand for these is absent, rupee rates have shewn a downward tendency.

The Manchester market has been steady owing to the coal crisis, and also due to better demand from other centres. It is reported that Messrs. Horrockses Crewdson & Co., the world's largest cotton cloth manufacturers, have given their employees a fortnight's notice, and some other concerns are also closing down.

At the General meeting of the members of the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Merchant's Association held on Thursday last, consideration was given to an interim report of the sub-committee appointed to investigate the complaints regarding the breach of the resolutions of 7th [illegible] ber, 1920. After lengthy [illegible] ed that in the opinion [illegible] port was incomplete and [illegible] mittee was directed to reconsider and further investigate the old and fresh complaints and submit their report within a fortnight, after which the matter will be further considered by another general meeting. It was also further resolved that the Managing Committee should, in consultation with the report to the meeting what steps should now be taken, in view of the situation that has arisen in consequence of the breach of the resolutions committed by some members.

At the meeting it was proposed that the report be recorded and the resolution of 7th December last be cancelled and that the merchants be allowed to do business freely with the two Japanese firms who have, in the opinion of the sub-committee, settled most satisfactorily with the dealers. It was also moved as an amendment that two of the members be fully authorised to go into the complaints and to issue orders, which would be binding on the members to carry out, as to the future course regarding business. The above proposition as well as the amendment were lost. It is interesting to note that in the course of the discussion the chairman put in a letter addressed to him by one of the members Messrs. Chaturbhoj Shivji and Co., covering a letter addressed to them by Messrs. W. & A Graham & Co., to the following effect:—"We have to inform you that we are willing to grant you delivery of any of your goods lying unsettled with us on the following condition, that you pay 75 per cent. on the invoice at to-day's exchange the remaining 25 per cent. to stand as an overdraft against your account, and you will be at liberty to finally settle exchange against your deposits at any date prior to 31st December, 1921."

As in the resolution there is nothing which would dispose off this letter, it is believed that the Sub-Committee will, in their deliberation, send in their proposal thereon. It is feared this suggestion will not meet with the approval of the dealers.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins	Yds	Rs	a	p
Ralli's Farl No. 7000	39	37½/8	15	4	0
" 100,000	45	"	19	8	0
" No 33,000	45	"	17	8	0
" " 2800	27	"	14	0	0
Graham's No. 2730	38	"	18	8	0
" Yellow Horse"	43	38			
" No. 2810	44	38½			
Dewhursts' "BBB"	38	"	28	8	0
" "BB"	"	"	22	8	0
" 'Rupee No 5	39	"			
Bates' No. 12888'	41	37½/8	22	0	0
Bombay Co.'s No. 2888	44	38½			
" No. 1800	33	37½/8	15	8	0
" No. 0006	39	37½/8	16	8	0
Ritchie's No. 818	39	37½/8	16	0	0
" " 4402	41	"	18	8	0
" " 1900	32	37/37½.	9	8	0
Forbes' " 551	38	37½/8			
Lyon's "Banker"	28	"	18	8	0
Fleming's No. 1905	48	38	21	8	0

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's "Dragon"	29×48	29	0	0
Haji's Musjid No. 425	28×40	16	0	0
Missel's "Elephant"	29×46	23	0	0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18	48×22			
" " 98	40×22	9	0	0
" " 188	40×22	8	12	0
" " 686	44×22	9	12	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No. 1500	38×42	32	8	0
H.B.T.U. 40000	39×40	36	0	0
Ralli's No. 0888	33×40	20	8	0
Forbes K.B. 108	38×40			
" 151	33×36	20	8	0
Fleming's No. 7168	30×20	7	8	0

WHITE MULLS—

W Ralli's No. 6	41×18	10	0	0
" No. 60	46×18	11	0	0
" No. 600	51×18	12	0	0
No. 6098	56×18	13	12	0
No. 83	58×20	11	18	0
No. 1378	27×18	4	12	0
" No. 818	30×20	10	14	0
" No. 250 (6 lines)	54×20			
" No. 350 (6 lines)	"	16	8	0
" No. 355 (6 lines)	60×20	17	8	0
" No. 425 (6 lines)	"	17	8	0
" No. 1440	38×20	8	2	0
" No. 5352	40×20	14	8	0
" No. 2755	"	15	8	0
" No. 1703	53×20	20	8	0
Ritchie's No. 1300	27×18	4	8	0
" No. 119	37×18	8	12	0
" No. 229	42×18	7	4	0
" No. 339	47×18	7	12	0
" M/4M 39," 44," 49,"	56×18	9	0	0
" No. 95	58×20	11	8	0
" No. 66299	40×18	7	8	0
" No. 33999	"	8	0	0
" No. 775	40×18	7	8	0
" No. 875	45×18	8	8	0
" No. 975	50×18	8	8	0
No. 815		8	12	0
Graham's "Balcon"	56×20	11	8	0
" No 142	34×18	10	8	0
" No. 432	39×18	10	8	0
Greaves' No. 3302	27×18	4	8	0
Fleming's No. 8263	33×18	4	8	0

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7875/9898	32×18	6	8	0
" Nos. 61/81	"			
" No. 1900	"	4	10	0
" No. 39620 T B	36×22	9		0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888	28×18	6	12	0
" 95960/97970 Saraswati"	38×18	11	8	0
" "Tipoo" W/WWW	34×18	7	8	0
" No. 60000	"	8	8	0
" Nos. 33340/33350/33360	"	9	8	0
Lyon's Nos. 4545/5656/6767	26×18			
Greaves' Nos. 30000/50000	"	5	8	0
" No. 8000 T.B.	30×22	8	12	0
Ritchie's Nos. 3500/4510/5520	26×18	5	8	0
S. W. & Co.'s Nos. 5800/5820 "Motor Car"	"	5	0	0
Bombay Co's ZZ/ZZZZ	"	–	–	

The above quotations are on bazaar terms, with discount of 3½ per cent on Grey Goods and 4 per cent. on White Goods

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, 15th April, 1921.

	Market Rates
Bank Telegraphic	1/3 9/16
Bank Demand	1/3 5/8
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1/4 1/8
Fcs. Demand	341 1/2
American Dollars	395
Hongkong Dollars	199 1/2
Shanghai	265 1/2
Japan	190
Singapore	180

Market:—Steady

THE METAL MERCHANTS COMPANY.

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations.

15th April, 1921

	Per Maund.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass	3/4	84	8	0
Do.	1	85	0	0
Do.	1/2	86	0	0
Do.	1 1/2	85	0	0
Do.	1	87		0
Do.	2	87		

COPPER RATES

15th April, 1921

Copper	3/4	84	8	0
Do.	1/	91	0	
Do.	1/	99	0	
Do.	1 1/2	99	0	0
Do.	1/	99	0	0
Do.	2/	94	0	0
Japanese Copper Bars				
Panch teka Joint		26	8	0
Copper English Bars		55	0	0
Brass-Bars		[illegible]		0

[illegible] ations

15th April, 1921. [illegible] Terms [illegible]

Ready	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	64	0	6
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	64	0	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	66	0	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	8	12	0
Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore	8	12	6
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	10	0	0
Linseed, Brown Bold	12	8	0
Linseed, Brown Thin	10	8	0
Teelseed, White 85-15	75	0	0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	68	0	0
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	65	0	0
Teelseed, Black	58	0	0
Poppyseed White	11	12	0
Groundnuts	57	0	0
Mowraseed	7	0	0
Barley	48	0	0
Castorseed	42	0	0
Vrar Cotton Seed	37	0	0

Forward		Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat May		9	5	3
Wheat June-July		–		
Wheat Aug.-Sept.		–		
Wheat Oct.-Nov.		–		
Linseed May		13	15	0
Linseed, Sept.		–		
Linseed Dec.		–		
Rapeseed April-May		–		
Rapeseed June-July		–		
Teelseed Gajar 85-15	Dec. Jan.	–		
Teelseed Gajar 75-25	Dec. Jan.	–		
Teelseed Gajar 50-50	Dec. Jan.	–		
Wheat June-July		–		
Wheat Aug.-Sep.		–		
Wheat Oct. Nov.		–		
Linseed Sept.		–		
Linseed Dec		–		

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m., on 14th April 1921.

Cotton	14,718	Bales
Wheat	8,182	Cwts.
Linseed	2,165	"
Rape, etc.	Nil	"
Gingellyseed	489	"
Poppyseed	Nil	"
Groundnuts	114	"
Castorseed	2,378	"
Rice	1,538	"
Myrabollams	4,618	"
Cottonseed	4,527	"
Mowraseed	Nil	"
Gram	3,389	"
Juwar	1,750	"
Masur	Nil	"
Barley	112	"
Bajra	7,805	"
Coal	1,305	Tons

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bombay April 14.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 29-9-0.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 89-10-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/3 11/16.
D. D. on London 1/3¾
3 M/st D. A. 1/4 3/16.
D. D. on Paris Frc. 355.
3 M/st D. A. Frc. 390.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 188.
60 D/st D. P. Rs. 180.
American Cross rate $3.90.
Paris Cross rate Frc. 55.10.
German Cross rate 242.
London Silver spot D. 34 7/8.
London Silver forward D. 34½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan 79.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1920-22 100.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 70.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 93.
3½ per cent. Paper 57.
4 per cent. Port Trust due 1974 62.
6 per cent. Port Trust due 1930 96.
4 per cent. Municipal due 1974 62.
6 per cent. Municipal due 1929-49 96.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust due 1974 62.

SHARES.

Market closed steady.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

COTTON MILLS.

Ahd. Advance 2100, By. Cotton 935, By. Dyeing 3330, Century 1052/8 x.d., Cent. India 3295, Colaba Land 2180, Crescent 540, Currimbhoy 1252/8, David 1575, Fazulbhoy 1400, Finlay 900, Ind. Bleaching 177/8, Ind. Malwa 565, Kasturchand 1370, Kohinoor 2300, New Great 672/8, Pearls 950, Phoenix 705 x.d., Shapurji 800, Simplex 595, Swan 900, Swadeshi 3630.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 710, By. Burma 500, By. Burma N. I. 160 pr., Bt. Burma Petrol 14/4, By. Tramway 117/8, By. Steam 305, Bundi Cement 140, Ind. Cement 350, Katni Ord 265, Katni Defd. 1280, New India Ins. 5/8 dis, Shivrajpur 29/12, Tata Ord 112/8, Tata Defd 510, Tata Hydro 790, Tata Oil 100, Tata Bank 22/8, Scindia Steam 21 dis.

COLOUR MARKET.

April 15.

The activity due to the proposal of the Allies to levy an export tax of 50 per cent. on the German goods seems to be over. During the course of this week no good business passed. The rates remain steady, but concessions are offered to the purchasers. Alizarine which witnessed a good rise is again on the decline. The demand on the whole is comparatively poorer than that of the last two weeks. The tone is easy.

Quotations:—
Alizarine (Brahama), Rs. 270 per cwt.
Alizarine 20 per cent (German), Rs. 230 per cwt.
Alizarine I P, Rs. 800 per cask.
Congo Red, Rs. 4-4 to 4-10 per lb.
Magenta Crystals, Rs. 14 per lb.
Magenta Crystals (Zu), Rs. 17-8 per lb.
Nigrosene Crystals, Rs. 4 per lb.
Methyl Violet, Rs. 8 per lb.
Malachite Green, Rs. 11 per lb.
Direct Green, Rs. 6 per lb.
Benzo Purpurine, Rs. 6-8 per lb.
Delta Purpurine, Rs. 8 per lb.
Sulphur Black, Rs. 2-12 per lb.

CHEMICALS.

April 15.

Among heavy chemicals, Zinc Chloride was dear and scarce. Arrivals also are limited. Again the increased consumption of Magnesium Chloride has greatly reduced the demand of Zinc Chloride. Sodium Sulphide Jap. is quoted at Rs. 27, whereas U. A. is offered at Rs. 40; Bichromate of Soda (German) is offered at nearly 9d. per lb. c.i.f. Bombay; Bleaching Powder appears to have a very small inquiry.

Among finer chemicals, Antimony Salt shrank in value by 2 annas per lb., Aniline Salt also is quoted at Re. 1-6 per lb., Nitrate of Soda had nothing of importance, the rate being steady at annas 5-6 per lb., Caustic Potash kept steady at Re. 1-8 per lb., Yellow Prussiate of Potash sagged in rate.

Among starches, Farine K recorded marvellous activity this week. K. is quoted at Rs. 24 which is a significant advance in a week. Sago Flour also advanced by 8 annas in sympathy with Farina. Maize Starch is quoted at Rs. 27 per cwt.

Quotations:—
Farina K, Rs. 23; Sago, Rs. 13; Maize Starch, Rs. 27; Sodium, Rs. 27; Zinc Chloride Rs. 50/55; Mag. Chloride Rs. 13; Bleaching Rs. 85; Bichromate Soda Rs. 104; Aniline Salt Re. 1-6; Antimony Salt Rs. 2-6; Brown Sugar of Lead Rs. 52.

MILL-STORES.

April 15.

Healds of 15/40s Yarn continued in demand. There was good activity last week and the values were maintained at Rs. 3-2 and upwards. Reeds were almost silent. Home offers varied between 5 and 6d. per 100 dents. Woollen goods also slightly advanced. Kenyon Roller cloth 16 and 18 oz. is quoted by some holders at Rs. 12 per yard, as the home quotation is much higher now, still several merchants are quoting Rs. 9 and 10 per yard.

Japanese Slubbings and Rowings are almost quiet. Pirns, both Universal and Conical, kept dull without any animation. Wilson Warpers had fair inquiry.

Leather sundries have little of importance. Skins of best quality are quoted above Rs. 100 per oz., Picking Bands hairy are steady at Rs. 2-10 per lb., Pickers No. 4 Broomley are quoted at Rs. 100 per gross. Dig-Dag have slightly higher value.

The tone is still uncertain. Outlook appears to be bright.

Quotations:—
Healds Rs. 3-2, Reeds annas 5; Roller Cloth (K) Rs. 10, Pickers No. 4 Broomley Rs. 100, Pickers (Dig-Dag) Rs. 105, Picking Bands Rs. 2-12, Slubbings (Jap) Rs. 50, Rowings (Jap) Rs. 37, Ring Rabbeth 5in. Rs. 15.

HOME-MARKETS.

April 15.

Home markets would have shown by this time considerable improvement in prices owing to improving trade outlook and better Manchester business advices; but the only factor going against the market is the present labour situation going worse at home. We therefore expect a downward tendency for the immediate future, but advice taking advantage in buying at declines.

Week commencing from 6th to 13th April, 1921.

Liverpool Spot	1921	7.66	8.08	plus	42
Liverpool May	1921	7.36	7.86	plus	50
Liverpool July	1921	7.56	8.08	plus	52
New York Spot	1921	11.90	12.30	plus	40
New York May	1921	11.78	11.76	—	2
New York July	1921	12.37	12.32	—	5

LOCAL-MARKETS.

April 15.

On the 8th instant Fully Good Breach for April-May and July-August opened in the bazar at Rs. 239 and at Rs. 259 respectively, gradually advanced to Rs. 253 and 279 and closed yesterday at Rs. 250 and 277, thus showing an advance of Rs. 14 and 18 respectively.

In the same way Fine Oomras for May and July advanced Rs. 12 and 13 respectively closing at Rs. 228 for May and Rs. 244 for July.

We advise our constituents to buy July Oomras at Rs. 230 and Fully Good Broach for July-August, 1921, at about Rs. 260 as a safe investment for good profit in the long run.

During the week under review there was a brisk enquiry for ready cotton with a good advance in prices for high class cotton such as Berars and Broach descriptions by Japanese exporters and local mills. About 30,000 to 40,000 bales are reported to have been sold. The enquiry from Continent is limited.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

April 15.

A steadier market has to be reported during the week with better demand and with firm advices from Karachi and Calcutta prices for ready sugars remain unchanced and those for near positions have been advanced by one rupee per cwt. A fair business has been done the White Java March shipment at Rs. 32 to Rs. 33-4 and April at Rs. 31 to Rs. 31-10 Free Bombay Harbour. The s. s. Pandit arrived from Java with 28,500 bags and s. s. Bolton Abby with 8,500 bags of Belgian and Dutch sugars.

Karachi and Calcutta markets remain steady with better demand for ready sugars and little business for forward. Java market keeps quiet with fair business doing in old crop. There is great pressure to sell New Crop early delivery, but very few buyers.

Home markets are quiet without any business.

The following are the bazar rates and stocks:—
T.M.O. Rs. 40 equal to 44s. F. B. Harbour, stocks 33,000 bags.
Beet Rs. 40 equal to 44s. F. B. Harbour, stocks 10,000 bags.
Natal Rs. 39-8, stocks 800 tons.
Mauritius Rs. 39-8, stocks 5,000 bags.

"AN UNMITIGATED EVIL"

"FLY FROM THIS MONSTER"

In reply to a question put to him in a public meeting at Orissa, whether English education was not a mixed evil, inasmuch as Lok. Tilak, Bab Rammohan Rai, and Mr. Gandhi were products of English education, Mr. Gandhi replied as follows:—

This is a representative view being expressed by several people. We must conquer the battle of Swaraj by conquering this sort of wilful ignorance and prejudice of our countrymen and of Englishmen. The system of education is an unmitigated evil. I put my best energy to destroy that system. I don't say that we have got as yet any advantage from the system. The advantages we have so far got, are in spite of the system, not because of the system. Supposing the English were not here, India, would have marched with other parts of the world, and even if it continued to be under Moghul rule, many people would learn English as a language and a literature. The present system enslaves us, without allowing a discriminating use of English literature. My friend had cited the case of Tilak, Ram Mohan, and myself. Leave aside my case, I am a miserable pigmy.

Tilak and Ram Mohan would have been far greater men if they had not had the contagion of English learning (clapping). I don't want your verbal approval by clapping but I want the approval of your intellect and reasoning. I am opposed to make a fetish of English education, I don't hate English education. When I want to destroy the Government, I don't want to destroy the English language but read English as an Indian nationalist would do. Ram Mohan and Tilak (leave aside my case) were so many pigmies who had no hold upon the people compared with Chaitanya, Sanker, Kabir, and Nanak. Ram Mohan, Tilak, were pigmies before these giants. What Sanker alone was able to do, the whole army of English-knowing men can't do. I can multiply instances. Was Guru Govind a product of English education?

Is there a single English-knowing Indian who is a match for Nanak, the founder of a sect second to none in point of valour and sacrifice? Has Rammohan produced a single martyr of the type of Dulip Singh. I highly revere Tilak and Ram Mohan. It is my conviction that if Ram Mohan and Tilak had not received this education but had their natural training they would have done greater things like Chaitanya. If that race has even to be revived it is to be revived not by English education. I know what treasures I have lost not knowing Hindustani and Sanskrit. I ask you to consider and value the glamour of education at its true worth. English education has emasculated us, constrained our intellect, and the manner of imparting this education has rendered us effeminate. We want to bask in the sunshine of freedom, but the enslaving system emasculates our nation. Pre-British period was not a period of slavery. We had some sort of Swaraj under Moghul rule. In Akbar's time the birth of a Pratap was possible, and in Aurangzeb's time a Sivaji could flourish. Has 150 years of British rule produced any Pratap and Sivaji?

You have got several Feudatory Native Chiefs every one of whom bends the knee before the Political Agent and admits his slavery. When I find young men complaining against Native Chiefs my sympathy goes to them. They are doubly oppressed. When the Native Chiefs do so, I ascribe it to the British conqueror not to the Chiefs. They are victims to the slave-owing system. So my appeal to you all is "Fly from this monster." Never mind if you beg from door to door. Rather die begging than live in bondage. We must be able to hold the country. Who holds the country now? It is not the English, it is we the Indian people who have accepted bondage. I refuse to shed a single tear if the English retire at this moment. I ask them to help us as our servants, equals, and friends. I shall not allow them to lord it over us with our consent. They may use aeroplanes, army, navy but not our consent. Realise your own dignity even though India was infested with robbers. You must do your duty. What can be nobler than to die as free men of India? It is a satanic system, I have dedicated my life to destroy the system.—"Young India."

INSEIN WORKSHOP STRIKE CONTINUE.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, April 14.

The situation at Insein workshops has not been improved, the men still holding out. Notice has been served on the strikers to the effect that they will have to vacate railway quarters in case they do not return to work by Monday next.

Correspond[illegible]

The Editor does not hold himself responsible [illegible] opinion of his Correspondents.

The Editor does not undertake to answer or p[illegible]sh or return any particular letter.

Letters should be written on one side only.

INCOME-TAX VAGARIES.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I received this morning notices from the Collector of Income Tax informing me and my brothers that we were assessed in the amount and according to the particulars specified in the notice. The particulars referred to "property" in Bombay. Last year, when a similar notice was served on us, I pointed out that the properties in question were sold some months ago and that we had no property in Bombay. Inspite of this the Collector insisted in having his pound of flesh. His Department had blundered, made false entries and assessed us for which we were not entitled to pay a pie much less over thousand rupees, which I paid as I had no time to dance attendance on bureaucratic officers. This monstrous exaction, even though the Collector may go behind a legal screen, can only be classed as unfair. The case was fully represented to the Collector last year, but his sense of justice was so perverted that he persisted in perpetuating the error he committed last year by assessing us once more for properties which were sold two years ago. Either the Collector considers that the work in his office ends by putting a violet rubber stamp on notices, or he reveals his collosal incompetency to run the Department under him at its full efficiency. We also received notices addressed to the individual members of the family. I pointed out last year that one of the brothers was a life invalid and not earning, and had no "other source" of income. The other brother is a student abroad and it does not call for a great mental exertion to realise that he too cannot have "other source" of income. The only course left open for us is to let the Collector put the whole machinery at his disposal in recovering the amount assessed by him, to not a single pie of which he is honestly and legally entitled, but he must also be prepared for a tough fight and the consequences. As I do not wish him to remain ignorant of my identity, I will sign this by the number of the notice which is served on me to-day.—Yours, etc.

D/1713 N. R.

Bombay, April 15.

B. E. S. OLD BOYS' TEAM.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,— In reading your report of the charity match between the B. E. S. Old Boys and the Custom's I see you write:—"The glory of the victory—if there be any glory at all—is considerably diminished by the fact that the team which turned out yesterday consisted of men picked out from different teams all conveniently brought out under the accommodating umbrella of the Byculla Education Society".

Allow me to inform you that all those who played for that B. E. S. team are all Old Boys, and the reason that they were not included in the Old Boys tournament team is that their employers make them play for them, and hence a truly representative B. E. S. Old Boys team cannot be sent in. I may also add that in the N. W. R. team which came down in 1919 and won the Cup in 1920 there were one or two Old Boys.—Yours for intelligent sport.

"OLD BOY."

Bombay, April 12.

"OUR BEAUTIFUL BOMBAY."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Allow me to crave your liberty in asking the authority concerned if any watch is being kept at keeping the Municipal urinals clean and washed. I am of firm opinion that an immense nuisance is caused by some classes of people at such urinals particularly during solitary hours of the day and as a test I have not unfrequently found people committing nuisance during the night uncared and unwatched by any municipal Inspector. The Municipal sweepers come round the urinals in the morning when they have to clean excrement and other filthy matters in that part of the urinals which is not yet meant for the purpose. Inspite of the repeated complaints of the citizens it is really surprising to note that our Municipality is quite silent over the question and allow the stupidity to run in the same course throughout. It is to be admitted that several patrols were organised by the Department concerned when the complaints became serious but the same being temporary the offenders again took advantage of the Departmental mismanagement. While passing these urinals which are built particularly in public localities, such as opp: Grant Road Station, Lamington Road, at Tardeo Crossing, such evil odour disturbs the passer by that there becomes an absolute necessity of ceasing the freedom of one's breath until the whole way is off. It is therefore, quite essential on the part of the Municipality either to remove these urinals from such localities or to maintain pucca supervision.—Yours, etc.

HOMI BOMANJEE BARDI.

BOYCOTT GREEK TRADE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In view of the fact that the Greeks are engaged, at present, in an aggressive war with the Turks, it is the bounden duty of all Hindus and Mahamedans to cease to have any connection with the foreign firms such as the most organised firm of the Ralli Brothers and thus to save poor India from foreign exploitation. All merchants should carefully note that not only the management of this all powerful firm is vested in the hands of the Greeks who extually serve in the Greek Cabinet, but 90 per cent of the Europeans who are employed therein consist of Greks who belong to one of the two prominent national parties in Greece. In the interests of Hindu-Moslim Unity and to show active sympathy with our Mahomedan brothern whose very religion is at stake, I beg to appeal to all merchants and business men throughout India to refuse to sell any goods to such foreign firms and thus save their own and their country's reputation. It is welknown that this firm has almost monopolised the cotton trade in India and it will be in the fitness of things if so much quantity of raw cotton is made available to the tillers of the soil for the purpose of working out 25 lasks of charka throughout India and this win the battle of freedom which the nation is waging against the beaurocracy.—Yours, etc.

R. J. GOKHALE.

Nagpur City, April 10.

HYDROPHOBIA.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Cases of hydrophobia are frequently occuring in various parts of India particularly in Gujarat where dogs in villages and jackals in jungles are multiply ng beyond all calculations. The partial remedy consists in destroying jackals in jungles and pariah dogs in villages. However as the conditions stand at present many valuable lives are being lost daily and even an empirical mode of treatment would be valuable provided it could reach the masses and give efficacious results.

I have been watching for many years a form of treatment which consists in the administration of certain indigenous drugs by Captain Vithalrao G. Gaekwar, District Superintendent of Police, Navsari, Baroda State. I have carefully watched these cases while under treatment and veried that they were genuine cases of Hydrophobia and not ordinary bites. I also recommended Captain Vithalrao Gaekwar to keep a register of all cases so treated and now the rigister is a fairly big one. At this stage I draw the attention of the public to this treatment that the most dreadful malady known to humanity may be brought under the influence of a treatment which is easy and could be rendered available everywhere.

The treatment consists in the administration of his Indian Native Drugs only for one day.—Yours, etc.

Capt. U. L. DESAI,
M.D., I.M.S., (Retired.)

Kanpith, Surat, April 5.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 15th April 1921, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies have cleared. Humidity is in defect except at Delhi. Temperature remains considerably higher than usual.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in slight excess at Allahabad. Temperature is higher than usual both by day and by night.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in excess at Jodhpur and in defect at Jaipur, Bikaner and Jacobabad. Day temperature is higher than usual in upper Sind and Rajputana; night temperature is above normal over the division.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded at Surat and in west Kathiawar. Humidity is generally in excess. Day temperature is above normal at Rajkot and Ahmedabad and below it at Surat; night temperature is higher than usual at Rajkot and Veraval and in Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess at Jubbulpore and Akola and in defect at Saugor and Hoshangabad. Both day and night temperatures are either normal or slightly higher than usual.

The Konkan.—Mormugao and Karwar report 0.23 and 0.10 in. of rain respectively. Skies are lightly clouded in the north and heavily clouded in the south of the division. Humidity is in defect at Ratnagiri. Temperature is nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Sholapur and Belgaum report 0.16in. and 0.12in. of rain respectively. Skies are lightly clouded in the north Bombay Deccan and north-west Hyderabad and moderately to heavily clouded in the south Bombay Deccan and east Hyderabad. Humidity is in excess at Poona, Sholapur and Belgaum and in defect at Malegaon. Day temperature is nearly normal; night temperature is lower than usual at Sholapur and Bijapur.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the south Konkan, the south Bombay Deccan and the Madras Deccan and local in Mysore and south Malabar. A few falls have occurred in south-east Madras. Bangalore reports a heavy fall of 1.98in. with a thunderstorm. Skies are moderately clouded over the greater part of the Peninsula and lightly clouded at most stations in Kathiawar and the Central Provinces. Temperature is higher than usual in north-west India and the United Provinces, the excess above normal being considerable in the Punjab. The western disturbance has passed away and skies have cleared in the Punjab.

Forecast.—An extension of rain is likely into the north-east of the Peninsula.

PEPS

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

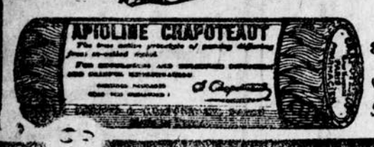
The unique and always successful Peps way of treating coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, and all throat and chest ailments is to *breathe* straight into the lungs the healing, soothing, strengthening and germ-destroying medicinal fumes which arise as these handy tablets dissolve on the tongue.

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NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

K. H. KABBUR & Co.,

COLOURS AND CHEMICALS AND OILS

Beg to announce that they have removed their colour and chemical department to the more speacious premises on the top flour of the Ismail Building, all interested parties are requested to make a note of the following change in address:—

K. H. KABBUR & Co.,

381, HORNBY ROAD,

Ismail Building, BOMBAY.

RID YOURSELF OF STOMACH & LIVER TROUBLES

You can commence to put your stomach and liver troubles behind you from to-day, whether they take the form of pains after eating, headaches, biliousness, or constipation. The first thing is to give help to your digestive organs.

Mother Seigel's Syrup is a real tonic for stomach, liver and bowels. It tones up, stimulates, and strengthens them, thus enabling them to perform their vital functions easily and naturally. Then stomach and liver troubles become impossible.

Mother Seigel's Syrup is now sold also in Tablet form,

BY TAKING MOTHER

SEIGEL'S SYRUP

Home-made Bread.

Have your bread made and baked at home, and know what it is made of, and by whom.

Bread-making at home is really quite easy, if cook uses

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Raising powder

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LAHORE.

DR CHOLKAR SEDITION CASE

FURTHER CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MR. GAJANAFAR ALI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

NAGPUR, April 15.

In the Dr. Cholkar Sedition Case, Mr. Gajanafar Ali, City Inspector of Police, in cross-examination by Mr. Abhyankar admitted having made intepolations in many places in his notes. He further admitted having scored out in many places original words in his report. Witness stated he wrote the word "absolute independence" in English and the words "Indian republic" and "full responsible Government" in Urdu alphabets in his notes because, it was not convenient for him at the time to write the former in Urdu and because he was not accustomed to write them in Urdu alphabets, but it was convenient for him and he used to write the later words in Urdu alphabets. Witness said that he did not know if under a republic there is full responsible self-Government or absolute independence. In his opinion, a speaker would be suggesting violence, even if he were merely to say that a person should not hold his blood dearer than his mother land. Witness said he did not understand what Dr. Cholkar meant when he said that blood should be given, if the Congress passed a resolution to that effect and the country required it. Witness said he did not understand what Dr. Cholkar meant by saying that he was convinced from reading history that India must have Swaraj. Witness stated that the report of Kamat, Marathi shorthand reporter of a passage in Dr. Cholkar's speech was wrong and that his own was correct, because the former did not probably understand the meaning of some words used by Dr. Cholkar in the passage.

OUR "MERRY CLUB OF 72!"

WHAT "THESE WISEMEN OF GOTHAM" DO.

The new Bombay weekly, the "Model writes:—

Mr. Basantrao A. Dabholkar was and more fit to be the Master of Ceremonies at demi-official and social functions or entertainments, than to be the President of a Municipal Corporation, or of any other responsible body; he is one of those convenient figureheads that has the courage enough to defy almost unanimous public opinion, but will give a cowardly bow to any tag-rag official nod. Mr. Dabholkar quits, and Sir David Sassoon enters, and as a first step towards success, following the footsteps of his worthy predecessors he begins with a princely entertainment, thus assuring his gluttonous colleagues that the days of merriment and mirth are still to continue, and that they need not despair, because the generous Mr. Dabholkar is no more. Between Dabholkar and Sasson and their obedient followers this merry club of "seventy two" glides on happily, its principal functions being to present addresses to incoming or outgoing potentates, and to revel in lordly dinners and entertainments, when the real civic affairs of this city are drifting by degrees to perdition. Thus these unnatural and unkind city stepfathers are nothing in champagne and rich wines, when the neglected citizens are crying for a drop of water. Thus the House is full to the brim, long before the appointed hour, when an address to the Royalty is to be considered; but the meeting is to be adjourned for half an hour for want of a quorum, when the Municipal Budget is to be discussed. The result is the miserable condition of this wretched city with roads that would disgrace any bush-track of a village in Australia, lights that even put darkness into shade, and water as scarc as in the desert of Sarah.

But what should we expect from such cosmos pellmell combination of widely divergent mentalities. Princely merchants and petty traders, Doctors and Lawyers, Building Contractors and Insurance Agents, Journalists, Home Rulers, Moderates and Extremists, all jumbled together in one huge heap, each trying to excel the rest in his ignorance about real Municipal matters. A Vet. discussing intricate questions of law and a lawyer engaged in solving medical problems of sanitation; thus each one out of his proper sphere they go on wrangling and wrangling incessantly and senselessly in this cosmpoplitan Debating Society, when infection grows rampant in the city, and poor citizens in the slums die like rats, victims to dire diseases that so widely spread, on account of the insanitary conditions and scarcity of water.

There is no institution in this city or Presidency that is so universally and deservedly condemned as the Bombay Municipality. Different sections of the Press, holding widely divergent views in political and other matters, agree in their severe condemnation of this institution. Still these wisemen of Gotham brazen—facedly and complacently display the same Nero-like callousness, and make not the slightest effort to improve.

A large rice mill in Rangoon the property of Steel Brothers was burnt on Tuesday by a fire resulting in damage estimated at about 20 lakhs. The adjoining mill belonging to the same firm was saved by the strenuous efforts of the staff.

The Broach Political Conference has been postponed to the 2nd week of June.

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LE FIGARO.

To make gold, and find out the secret of ever-lasting youth; such were the two problems which alchemists had tried to solve. The progress of science has shown the uselessness of the first, but it facilitated, on the other hand, the working out of the second.

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Mr. Damodher Raghob[illegible] Worli, Bombay, writes [illegible] Raote, Landlord, 1920:—"I was suffe[illegible] on 3rd December last 12 years and [illegible] from Diabetes for the Doctors and [illegible] I tried many well known could not [illegible].D.'s during that period, but I had [illegible] entire cure. In September last, serious [illegible] severe attack of Pneumonia which [illegible] affected my Diabetes disease and was under the treatment of Dr. Masina. I was cured of Pneumonia after a short time but my Diabetes disease was in an increasing state and I could get no relief. Dr. Masina examined my urine and found I was passing 6 to 7 per cent. sugar specific gravity was 1037. Finding no relief at all, I was put under treatment of Dr. S. Rangaswami Iyengar, Specialist in Diabetes. I have much pleasure to say that after a special treatment of 35 days I found my Diabetes disease properly checked and sugar NIL and Specific Gravity, 1013. "I can safely recommend Dr. Iyengar's specific to any of the suffering Diabetes patients."

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ADVICE TO INDIAN GOVERNORS AND HIGH OFFICIALS.

The "Indian Social Reformer" in an editorial writes:—

It was noticed at the public swearing in of the new Viceroy at the Convocation Hall of the University in Bombay on the 2nd instant, that the only Indian member of the Governor-General's Executive Council who wore his national turban was Mr. B. N. Sarma. The two other gentlemen, Messrs. Shaffi and Sapru, had completely "camouflaged" themselves in their white uniform and bare heads into brown imitations of the English bureaucrat. But for the solitary exception, and the Bombay Ministers who have had the good sense to stick to their Indian headdress, a stranger visiting the scene would have formed a poor opinion of the position of Indians in the reformed Government from the fact that the two men who wore a distinctively Oriental costume were the chobdars standing behind the Viceroy at either end of the platform. The effect of the presence of a large proportion of Indians in the Cabinet is largely lost by their adopting or being encouraged to adopt English costume. The psychological effect on the people's mind of seeing in seats of power, a number of men wearing the same pattern of clothes as themselves, is to produce a strong sense of affinity with the State which can be produced in no other way. British military officers wear the same uniform as their men in Indian regiments, and there can be no doubt that they are thereby placed in closer touch with them than if they wore an English uniform. Similarly in the University, the academic robes worn alike by the Chancellor and the members at the annual convocation produce for the time being a feeling of solidarity in the academic body. Not only the Indian members but also the Viceroy, Governors and English members of Council, should have distinctively Indian costumes for ceremonial and high ceremonial occasions. In the principal Indian States, officials wear turbans and clothes of the same style as the rulers, and the practice extends to the principal citizens also. It is a graceful compliment to the Prince but it is also a visible symbol of the identity of the interests of the Prince and his people. The present semi-military uniform is utterly ridiculous on the persons of Indian civilians whom it invests with the appearance of mounte-banks at a circus rather than Councillors of the Crown. The only Indian in civil occupation who wears a blade at his side is the toddy-climber. There may be some remote symbolism in the side-arm of the uniform of the climber of the greasy pole of high office. A wag who had seen the Indian members of the Bombay Executive Council with their swords at their sides, remarked that the Sarkar had given them to them to cut off the heads of Non-Co-operationists with!

Another incident in the same category is the "ball" recently reported to have been given by Lord Sinha. The guests at this function should have been exclusively Europeans, because no Indian, so far as we know, has taken to dancing. A distinguished Indian who has filled the highest offices in this country told the writer a story which is in point. During one of his voyages to England with his wife, he had for fellow-passengers an eminent Australian statesman who became very friendly with him. The Australian confided to him in the course of his voyage his intention to ask the latter's wife to a dance on board the ship. The pious Hindu lady when she heard of this from her husband was horrified and expressed her emphatic refusal in language which the Indian politely "bowdlerised" as follows to the Australian: 'My wife says she will dance only if I dance. I cannot dance, so there is an end of the matter." We, Indians, have been far too much the victims of ignorant misappreciation of our social customs by foreigners, for us to venture on a criticism of the institutions of other nations. What has to be remembered is that unwritten conventions and tacit understandings form the bulk of communal life, and that what is written and recorded for everyone's perusal can only be rightly interpreted in the light of those understandings and conventions. We do not say anything regarding the institution of the "ball," although we think strict-minded English people look upon it rather with some degree of disfavour. We daresay, it has a use and a purpose in English social life But why should an Indian Governor feel that he is under an obligation to give a species of entertainment in which, even if he will, he can not participate? Lady Sinha is said to have excused herself on the ground of indisposition, and Lord Sinha's married daughter undertook the functions of the hostess. Whatever Lord Sinha's view of the duties of his position may be, it must be distinctly understood that no Indian should be expected, because he holds high office, to go out of his way to devise and organise entertainments that are foreign or repugnant to him. The Governor's business is to administer, not to dispense amusements. An occasional State dinner may be unobjectionable, but we detest the present fashion of announcing daily the names of persons who take their meals at Government House and not in their own homes or at public hotels. The effect of such announcements is merely to stimulate a particularly vulgar kind of snobbery. Indian Governors and other high officials should set a strict example especially in regard to the provision of drink at their tables. Alcoholic drinks are prohibited to Mahomedans and Hindus, and even if a particular Hindu or Mahomedan does not mind the prohibition, it is his duty in deference to the national sentiments—to represent which he is placed in his position—not on any account to offer liquor as part of his hospitality. By being good and true Indians, high officials, best serve the purpose for which they are high officials, while by weakly imitating Europeans, they discredit themselves and the Government of which they are servants and representatives.



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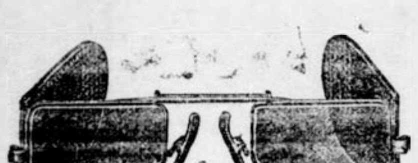
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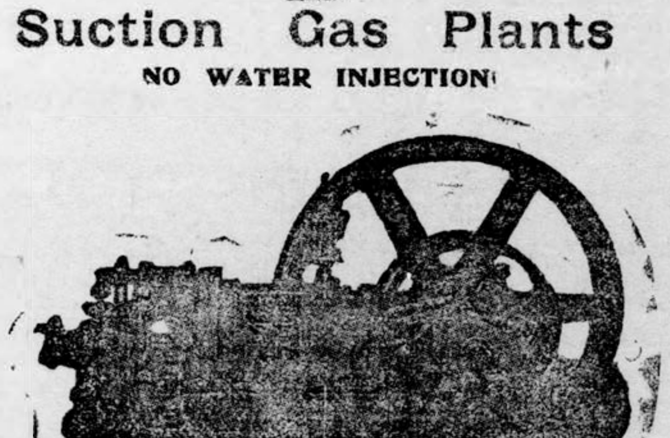
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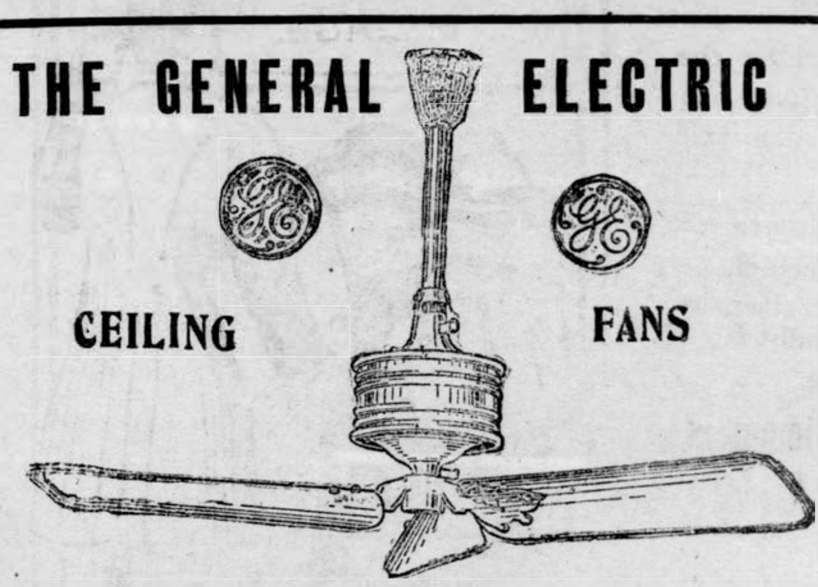
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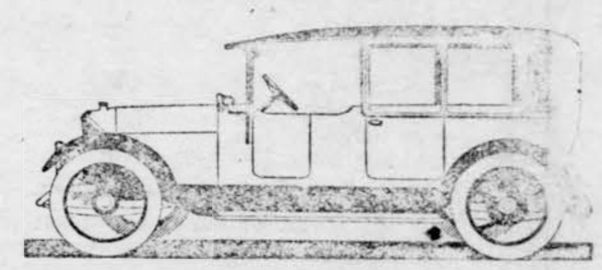
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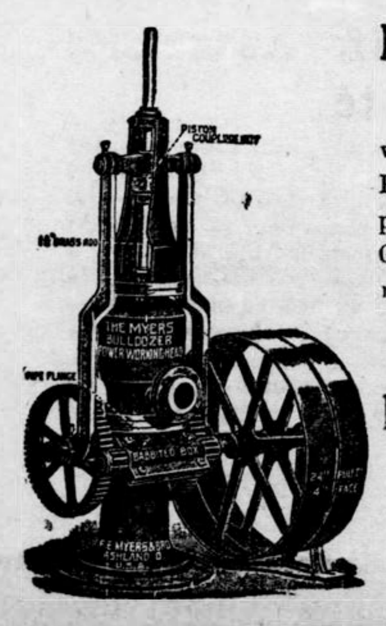
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